62

established 1934

The

LIBRARY

RECEIVED

**FEB 4 1958 **

U.S. Department of Agriculture

HENRY NURSERIES

HENRY, ILLINOIS



EVERY TYPE OF PLANT FOR EVERY PURPOSE

1958

OUR GUARANTEE

We guarantee that our nursery stock is in growing condition and free from disease. We cannot guarantee the care given the stock after it is in the customer's hands. Any stock failing to grow the first season, will be replaced at one-half the purchase price when satisfactory evidence is presented. Sales ticket must be presented to receive replacement credit.

This guarantee does not apply to perennials, small fruit, roses and special quotations.

The above is the only guarantee made by the Henry Nurseries and supersedes any other printed matter or statement by any salesman.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

All nursery stock is sold cash with order or C.O.D. We reserve the right to increase list price on special selections in the field.

The prices in this catalog apply to spring 1958, cancel all previously published prices, and are

subject to change without notice.

Any stock selected in our fields for future delivery requires a 20% deposit which is not refundable.

All orders are subject to 3% sales tax.

Place Your Orders Early.

Time payment plan available for landscape work.

DELIVERY CONDITIONS

We have a local transfer truck which makes deliveries to Peoria and intermediate towns on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday at nominal cost.

Our trucks will make spot deliveries anywhere at cost.

The majority of nursery stock can be hauled in an ordinary passenger car.

We reserve the right to make an additional charge on express and Parcel Post shipments to cover cost of special packing.

SATISFACTION IS CO-OPERATION

PLEASE REMEMBER plants are living things, requiring plant food and water and protection from disease, weeds, and dogs. CARE is the difference between strong, healthy, satisfactory growth, and weak sickly stragglers.

GIFT CERTIFICATES

FATHER'S DAY MOTHER'S DAY CHRISTMAS BIRTHDAYS ANNIVERSARIES

Do it the easy way on that next special occasion and give them a gift certificate for plants that will live and become more beautiful thru the years. (available in any denomination)

EVERGREENS

We offer the most complete line of evergreens that can be seen in the Midwest.

Evergreens are invaluable for beautifying grounds. They are used for specimens on the lawn and also extensively for massing, shelter-belts, screens, and hedges.

For planting around the house as a foundation planting, they give a color and warmth that cannot be obtained with any other tree. Only an inspection of our stock can give an adequate idea of the variety of color effect they present.

A good many fail with evergreens on account of improper treatment. EVERGREENS MUST BE HANDLED FRESH. FREQUENT WATERING AND CULTIVATION during the first year will guarantee success.

All Evergreens Are Balled and Burlaped.

ARBOR VITAE

AMERICAN ARBOR VITAE—One of the most
valuable of the native evergreens. It thrives
in a moist situation. Fine for windbreaks, and
for ornamental hedges, as it shears well and
makes a very dense hedge. Called the post
cedar in Wisconsin. Our stock is propagated
from select strains. Each
18 to 24 inches

18 to 24 inche	s	2.50
2 to 3 feet	***************************************	3.75
3 to 4 feet		4.75

GLOBE ARBOR VITAE—This dwarf variety of very dense, compact growth maintains a natural globe shape without trimming. Grows very dense and round; is admirably adapted for foundation planting.

Each 12 to 15 inches \$3.00 15 to 18 inches 4.00

ORIENTAL ARBOR VITAE (Chinese Arbor Vitae)
—An introduction from China which has proven very hardy. Has flat, fan-type foliage with rich green color. A strong, rapid grower which can be used as windbreaks or sheared to land-scape specimens.

2 to 3 feet \$3.00

PYRAMIDAL ARBOR VITAE — A dwarf variety of compact growth and very narrow upright habit, and of a deep, green color. Makes a straight, narrow column. Hardy everywhere except in dense shade and splendid for formal plantings.

Each

18 to 24 inches \$2.75
30 to 36 inches \$4.50
3 to 3½ feet \$5.50
3½ to 4 feet \$6.50

JUNIPERS

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PYRAMIDALIS (Pyramid Chinese Juniper)—This is a propagated form of the seedling Chinese Juniper which we have selected and grown on its own roots. The juvenile foliage is light green and turns to steel blue when mature. Very formal in habit.

 24 to 30 inches
 \$4.75

 30 to 36 inches
 5.75

 3 to 3½ feet
 6.75

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA (Pfitzer Juniper)—Low, irregular, spreading, vase-shaped of bush-like form, with dense, gray-green foliage of soft, feathery appearance. Extremely hardy, and will grow anywhere. Very valuable for foundation and group plantings. Each 4-year-old, from 1-gal. can \$2.00 15 to 18 inches 4.00 18 to 24 inches 5.00 18 to 30 inches 7.50 30 to 36 inches 10.00 3 to 3½ feet 12.50

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA, KAL-LAY'S COMPACTA—This was developed by an Ohio nursery and is characterized by its dense habit. Foliage is the same color as the regular Pfitzer but somewhat finer in texture. Each 12 to 15 inches \$3.50 15 to 18 inches 5.00

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA, HILL'S
GOLDEN—This Pfitzer is identical in habit to
the regular Pfitzer except that the tips of the
branches are gold in color. Each
15 to 18 inches \$4.00
18 to 24 inches 5.50
24 to 30 inches 7.50

HINDERIC CHINENGIA PRIMATERIANA CIAHCA	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA GLAUCA (Silver Pfitzer)—Identical in habit to the reg-	JUNIPERUS MEYERI (Meyer Juniper)—It is an attractive form of irregular habit, with short
ular Pfitzer, but it has a true blue color which	straight branches. The foliage is plump, point-
makes an excellent contrast with other low	ed and prickly, is concave on the upper side
types. Each	and a shiny blue color. It is a slow-growing
15 to 18 inches	variety which thrives to best advantage in a
18 to 24 inches	sunny location. Each
10 to 24 menes	12 to 15 inches
	15 to 18 inches
JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS DEPRESSA (Vase-Shaped	
Juniper)—Similar in foliage to the Canadian	
Juniper, but with a more erect habit forming	JUNIPERUS SABINA (Savin Juniper)-A low,
a distinct vase. Each	much-branched, spreading shrub 2 to 3 feet in
15 to 18 inches	height; its branches well supplied with short,
18 to 24 inches	straight, tufted branchlets, which are well
24 to 30 inches	covered with dark green foliage. Each
	15 to 18 inches
	18 to 24 inches
JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS HIBERNICA (Irish Jun-	24 to 30 inches 6.50
iper)—Dwarf growing Juniper of very upright,	
dense, columnar habit, with bluish-green fol-	
iage. Makes a narrow column. Each	JUNIPERUS SABINA FASTIGATA (Upright Savin)
18 to 24 inches\$2.50	-Foliage similar to the regular Savin Juniper
24 to 30 inches 3.50	but habit entirely different. Broad pyramidal
30 to 36 inches 4.50	shape, making it an ideal evergreen for the
3 to 3½ feet	modern style of architecture.
	18 to 24 inches\$4.75
	24 to 30 inches 5.75
JUNIPERUS HORIZONTALIS PLUMOSA (Andora	
Juniper)—A low-growing, spreading, dwarf ev-	
ergreen that is excellent for terrace and rock	JUNIPERUS SABINA TAMARISIFOLIA (Tamarisk
garden plantings. Color of foliage is blue-green	Juniper)—A low form of the Junipers, spread-
in summer and orchid in winter. Each	ing habit, and is noted for its excellent green
4-year-old, from 1-gal. cans	winter color. Very hardy and popular wherever
15 to 18 inches	grown. Each 15 to 18 inches
18 to 24 inches	15 to 18 inches
24 to 30 inches	
30 to 36 inches10.00	
	JUNIPERUS SQUAMATA (Procumbens or Japon-
JUNIPERUS EXCELSA STRICTA (Spiny Greek	ica Juniper)—One of the best prostrate evergreens. Never grows over 12 inches in height,
Juniper)—A native of Greece; forms a tall,	spreads slowly, and has a rich blue-green col-
dense, narrow, conical shape, tapering grad-	or during all seasons. Each
ually from the ground to a sharp terminal	15 to 18 inches
point; fine glaucous color with very close-	18 to 24 inches
growing needles. Each	24 to 30 inches
15 to 18 inches	
18 to 24 inches	
30 to 36 inches	THINDEDUC VIDCINIANA (Pod Coder) A well
0.30	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA (Red Cedαr)—A well-known evergreen of compact pyramidal growth.
	The dense foliage is a bright bluish-green
JUNIPERUS HETZI-A new semi-upright spread-	when fresh, maturing to a deep bronze-green
ing evergreen introduced by a Pennsylvania	during the winter. It can be trimmed in any
nursery, which has proven very hardy and is	desired shape or form, and is used a good deal
a very strong grower. Foliage is a fresh blue-	in topiary work. Each
green color. Develops with a higher spread	30 to 36 inches
than the regular Pfitzer type. Each	3 to 3½ feet
15 to 18 inches	3½ to 4 feet
18 to 24 inches	4 to 5 feet
30 to 36 inches	
9.30	
	JUNIPERUS VON EHRON-A semi-upright ever-
JUNIPERUS HORIZONTALIS DOUGLASI (Wau-	green with light green foliage. Ideal for hiding
kegan Juniper)—A trailer of low, dense habit,	high foundations as it grows to a spread and
covering the ground while not growing over	height of six to eight feet. Very vigorous and
six inches in height. The color of the foliage	hardy.
is a soft blue.	15 to 18 inches
15 to 18 inches	18 to 24 inches
10 to 21 menes	21 to 30 menes

GRAFTED JUNIPERS

JUNIPERUS VIRG. KETELEERI (Keteleer's	Cedar)
-Has a compact, formal outline, mal-	king a
thick, dark green pyramid. The branchlet	ts. dis-
posed regularly along the branches, are	more
fleshy than in most Junipers. Has larg	e ber-
ries in fall.	Each
30 to 36 inches	\$ 6.00
3 to 3½ feet	7 00
3½ to 4 feet	9 00
4 to 5 feet	12.50
1 10 0 1001	. 12.30

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS COLUMARIS GLAUCA (Blue Column Chinese Juniper)—Very popular upright Juniper because of its bright, rich bluegreen color the year around. Does not discolor in winter and will stand adverse conditions where other varieties fail. 24 to 30 inches 30 to 36 inches 3 to 3½ feet 9.00 3½ to 4 feet 11.00

JUNIPERUS VIRG. CANNARTI (Cannart Juniper	r)
-The most popular of the cedars, having	
rich green foliage keeping a fine green winte	er
color. It make a pyramidal specimen of med	
ium growth. Most trees bear blue berries i	n
the fall. Eac	h
30 to 36 inches	0
3 to 3½ feet	
3½ to 4 feet	0
4 to 5 feet	0

J	UNIPERUS VIRG. BURKI (Burk's Cedar)—A	
	popular Juniper with attractive blue-gree:	n fol-
	iage. Can be trimmed to a broad, uprigh	t for-
	mal tree which holds its color the entire	year.
	Vigorous grower.	Each
	24 to 30 inches	\$5.00
	30 to 36 inches	. 6.50
	3 to 3½ feet	8.50
	3½ to 4 feet	.10.00
	4 to 5 feet	.12.50

JUNIPERUS VIRG. GLAUCA (Silver Ce	dar)—Is
always popular favorite due to its	
silver-blue color. Brightest in spring	
tractive at all seasons. Similar in grov	
habit to the Cannarti.	Each
30 to 36 inches	\$ 7.00
3½ to 4 feet	12.50
4 to 5 feet	15.00

FIR

DOUGLAS FIR (Oregon Fir)-One of the most
useful and beautiful evergreens for landscape
work on account of both its regular pyramidal
growth, and its fine-textured dense foliage.
Used as specimen or for screening and wind-
breaks.
18 to 24 inches
2 to 3 feet 5.00
3 to 4 feet

JUNIPERUS VIRG. PYRAFORMIDIA (Hill's Dun-
dee Juniper)-One of the most interesting of
the new evergreens. Foliage is a bluish-green
in spring and summer, changing to plum-like
color in the fall and winter. Grows dense and
formal without much shearing. Each
24 to 30 inches
30 to 36 inches
3 to 3½ feet
3½ to 4 feet11.00

HEMLOCK

TUSGA CANADENSIS-The American Hemloc	k is
considered one of the handsomest native e	ver-
green trees in Eastern North America. T	hey
demand plenty of room to develop their c	har-
acteristic beauty. Young trees will endur	e a
great deal of shade.	Cach
18 to 24 inches	3.00
2 to 3 feet	5.00
3 to 4 feet	7.50

PINES

massive need green color underneath. rounded. On trees. 18 to 24 inc. 2 to 3 feet 3 to 4 feet	edles 6 to on the su Habit of ne of our	10 inches urface and growth to outstand	long of l bluish- all and ing spec	deep white well- cimen Each \$ 3.75
3 to 4 feet 4 to 5 feet				

MOGILO	INE-A	dense,	10W, 10	Junu, i	sili u	D-IIVE
Pine of	dark g	reen f	oliage	extrem	nely	slow
growth.	Fine fo	r plan	ting in	front	of	other
trees						Each
12 to 15	inches					\$3.75
15 to 18	inches					. 5.00
18 to 24	inches					7.50

scotch pine—Large, cone-bearing evergreen tree with irregular crown, spreading branches, and blue-green foliage. Bark reddish-brown, on older trunks becoming grayish and fissured into scaly plates. Resistant to city smoke. Each 18 to 24 inches \$3.00 2 to 3 feet 4.25

TAXUS CUSPIDATA NANA (Dwf. Jap Yew)-Foli-

SPRUCE

SPRUCE	TAXUS CUSPIDATA NANA (Dwf. Jap Yew)—Foli-
	age is darker than the regular spreading yew, slower growing, denser in habit, and well
BLACK HILLS SPRUCE—For many years, this	adapted for planting in confined areas.
Spruce has been a favorite due to its com-	Each
pact and symmetrical growth even in very small trees. Its foliage varies from green to	15 to 18 inches \$7.50
bluish tint. It should be planted where it has	
sun most of the day.	TAXUS CAPITATA (Upright Yew)—One of the most beautiful of the evergreens. It grows
18 to 24 inches \$4.00	slowly with a delightful irregularity of out-
24 to 30 inches	line; its many branches covered with the rich,
30 to 36 inches	waxen, green foliage characteristic of all yews.
	Some trees have bright red berries in the fall.
COLORADO SPRUCE (The seedling form of the	Each
Blue Spruce)—A great majority are of greenish cast with a slightly bluish tendency. The blue	18 to 24 inches
color is more pronounced during the late spring	24 to 30 inches
and summer months About ten per cent are	30 to 36 inches
blue enough to be called Colorado Blue Shiners.	TAXUS MEDIA HATFIELDI (Hatfield Yew) - A
For these selected trees we charge double	compact bush of conical shape with upright
price. Each	branches and radially spreading leaves. This
18 to 24 inches\$ 4.50	habit makes it valuable for thick hedges as well as specimen planting.
24 to 30 inches 6.50	as specimen planting. Each 15 to 18 inches
30 to 36 inches	15 to 18 inches
3 to 3½ feet10.00	TAXUS MEDIA HICKSI (Hick's Yew)-A very
DWARF ALBERTA SPRUCE—One of the most in-	interesting Yew of an upright type, growing in
teresting oddities among evergreens. It is of	an extreme, narrow, column bush. It is fairly
extremely narrow pyramidal growth, thickly	rapid-growing and has a deeper green color than most Yews. Slender type only. Each
covered with short, close-set twiggy branches	15 to 18 inches
and clothed in grass-green needles. Some of the	18 to 24 inches
oldest trees in the country are about five feet high, still retaining their characteristic habits.	24 to 30 inches
It prefers a partially shaded, rather moist lo-	
cation. Each	TAXUS HUNNIWELLIANA (Hunniwell Yew)—
18 to 24 inches	Darker color than the regular spreading yew and one of the best yews for bearing red ber-
	ries in fall Each
NORWAY SPRUCE-Large, fast-growing tree of	ries in fall. Each
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyra-	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyra- midal habit, dark green foliage, often with	
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyra- midal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen.	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks.	12 to 15 inches \$4.50 15 to 18 inches 6.50 DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches	12 to 15 inches \$4.50 15 to 18 inches 6.50 DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet 4.25	12 to 15 inches \$4.50 15 to 18 inches 6.50 DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow,
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet 4.25 3 to 3½ feet 6.00	12 to 15 inches \$4.50 15 to 18 inches 6.50 DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet 4.25	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. 18 to 24 inches 18 to 24 inches 19 10 3½ 19 10 3½ 20 10 3½ 21 10 3½ 22 10 3 feet 23 10 3½ 24 10 4 feet 25 10 3 feet 35 10 3½ 36 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	12 to 15 inches \$4.50 15 to 18 inches 6.50 DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each 4 to 5 feet \$6.50 5 to 6 feet \$8.50
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet 4.25 3 to 3½ feet 6.00	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet 4.25 3 to 3½ feet 6.00 3½ to 4 feet 8.50	12 to 15 inches \$4.50 15 to 18 inches 6.50 DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each 4 to 5 feet \$6.50 5 to 6 feet \$6.50 6 to 7 feet 10.00
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet 4.25 3 to 3½ feet 6.00 3½ to 4 feet 8.50 YEW (Taxus) TAXUS BROWNI (Brown's Yew)—This variety is very popular because of its dense habit and	12 to 15 inches \$4.50 15 to 18 inches 6.50 DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each 4 to 5 feet \$6.50 5 to 6 feet \$6.50 6 to 7 feet 10.00 BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet 4.25 3 to 3½ feet 6.00 3½ to 4 feet 8.50 YEW (Taxus) TAXUS BROWNI (Brown's Yew)—This variety is very popular because of its dense habit and rich green color. It differs from the regular	12 to 15 inches \$4.50 15 to 18 inches 6.50 DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each 4 to 5 feet \$6.50 5 to 6 feet \$6.50 6 to 7 feet \$10.00 BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ACUTUS (Wintercreeper)
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet 4.25 3 to 3½ feet 6.00 3½ to 4 feet **SEW (Taxus) **TAXUS BROWNI (Brown's Yew)—This variety is very popular because of its dense habit and rich green color. It differs from the regular Spreading Yew in that it is more globular in	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches 22.75 2 to 3 feet 3 to 3½ feet 6.00 3½ to 4 feet FEW (Taxus) TAXUS BROWNI (Brown's Yew)—This variety is very popular because of its dense habit and rich green color. It differs from the regular Spreading Yew in that it is more globular in shape. Responds readily to trimming and	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches	12 to 15 inches 15 to 18 inches DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each 4 to 5 feet 5 6.50 5 to 6 feet 8.50 6 to 7 feet 10.00 BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ACUTUS (Wintercreeper) —Lowest growing of the evergreen wintercreepers, this gem is seldom over 6 inches high as a ground cover. Small deep green foliage is exceedingly handsome. 2 yr. from 1-gal. cans \$1.25
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet 4.25 3 to 3½ feet 6.00 3½ to 4 feet 8.50 YEW (Taxus) TAXUS BROWNI (Brown's Yew)—This variety is very popular because of its dense habit and rich green color. It differs from the regular Spreading Yew in that it is more globular in shape. Responds readily to trimming and makes an excellent low hedge. Each 12 to 15 inches 5.00 15 to 18 inches 7.00 18 to 24 inches 10.00	12 to 15 inches 15 to 18 inches DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each 4 to 5 feet 5 6.50 5 to 6 feet 6 10.00 BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ACUTUS (Wintercreeper) —Lowest growing of the evergreen wintercreepers, this gem is seldom over 6 inches high as a ground cover. Small deep green foliage is exceedingly handsome. 2 yr. from 1-gal. cans \$1.25
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet \$4.25 3 to 3½ feet \$6.00 3½ to 4 feet \$8.50 \$\$ YEW (Taxus) TAXUS BROWNI (Brown's Yew)—This variety is very popular because of its dense habit and rich green color. It differs from the regular Spreading Yew in that it is more globular in shape. Responds readily to trimming and makes an excellent low hedge. Each 12 to 15 inches \$5.00 15 to 18 inches \$7.00 18 to 24 inches 10.00 TAXUS CUSPIDATA (Spreading Yew)—Similar	12 to 15 inches 15 to 18 inches DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. 4 to 5 feet 5 6.50 5 to 6 feet 8.50 6 to 7 feet 10.00 BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ACUTUS (Wintercreeper) —Lowest growing of the evergreen wintercreepers, this gem is seldom over 6 inches high as a ground cover. Small deep green foliage is exceedingly handsome. 2 yr. from 1-gal. cans \$1.25 EUONYMUS FORTUNEI COLORATUS (Purpleleaf Wintercreeper)—Leaves quite large, purplish
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet \$4.25 3 to 3½ feet \$6.00 3½ to 4 feet \$8.50 TAXUS BROWNI (Brown's Yew)—This variety is very popular because of its dense habit and rich green color. It differs from the regular Spreading Yew in that it is more globular in shape. Responds readily to trimming and makes an excellent low hedge. Each 12 to 15 inches \$5.00 15 to 18 inches \$5.00 15 to 18 inches \$7.00 18 to 24 inches \$10.00 TAXUS CUSPIDATA (Spreading Yew)—Similar to the upright type, except its spreading habit,	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 2 to 3 feet 4.25 3 to 3½ feet 6.00 3½ to 4 feet 8.50 YEW (Taxus) TAXUS BROWNI (Brown's Yew)—This variety is very popular because of its dense habit and rich green color. It differs from the regular Spreading Yew in that it is more globular in shape. Responds readily to trimming and makes an excellent low hedge. Each 12 to 15 inches \$5.00 15 to 18 inches 7.00 18 to 24 inches 10.00 TAXUS CUSPIDATA (Spreading Yew)—Similar to the upright type, except its spreading habit, growing slightly higher than the spreading	12 to 15 inches 15 to 18 inches DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each 4 to 5 feet 5 6.50 5 to 6 feet 7 feet 10.00 BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ACUTUS (Wintercreeper) —Lowest growing of the evergreen wintercreepers, this gem is seldom over 6 inches high as a ground cover. Small deep green foliage is exceedingly handsome. 2 yr. from 1-gal. cans \$1.25 EUONYMUS FORTUNEI COLORATUS (Purpleleaf Wintercreeper)—Leaves quite large, purplish fall and winter; then shed in spring forming light green foliage. Makes heavy ground cover.
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches	12 to 15 inches
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches	12 to 15 inches 15 to 18 inches DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each 4 to 5 feet 5 6.50 5 to 6 feet 7 feet 10.00 BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ACUTUS (Wintercreeper) —Lowest growing of the evergreen wintercreepers, this gem is seldom over 6 inches high as a ground cover. Small deep green foliage is exceedingly handsome. 2 yr. from 1-gal, cans \$1.25 EUONYMUS FORTUNEI COLORATUS (Purpleleaf Wintercreeper)—Leaves quite large, purplish fall and winter; then shed in spring forming light green foliage. Makes heavy ground cover. 2 yr. from 1-gal, cans \$1.00 EUONYMUS FORTUNEI RADICANS (Minefolia)—
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches	12 to 15 inches 15 to 18 inches DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each 4 to 5 feet 5 6.50 5 to 6 feet 7 feet 10.00 BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ACUTUS (Wintercreeper) —Lowest growing of the evergreen wintercreepers, this gem is seldom over 6 inches high as a ground cover. Small deep green foliage is exceedingly handsome. 2 yr. from 1-gal. cans \$1.25 EUONYMUS FORTUNEI COLORATUS (Purpleleaf Wintercreeper)—Leaves quite large, purplish fall and winter; then shed in spring forming light green foliage. Makes heavy ground cover. 2 yr. from 1-gal. cans \$1.00 EUONYMUS FORTUNEI RADICANS (Minefolia)—Small round foliage, sometimes called Com-
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches	DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. 4 to 5 feet
Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches	12 to 15 inches 15 to 18 inches DECIDUOUS CONIFERS TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)—A deciduous evergreen- planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each 4 to 5 feet 5 6.50 5 to 6 feet 7 feet 10.00 BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ACUTUS (Wintercreeper) —Lowest growing of the evergreen wintercreepers, this gem is seldom over 6 inches high as a ground cover. Small deep green foliage is exceedingly handsome. 2 yr. from 1-gal. cans \$1.25 EUONYMUS FORTUNEI COLORATUS (Purpleleaf Wintercreeper)—Leaves quite large, purplish fall and winter; then shed in spring forming light green foliage. Makes heavy ground cover. 2 yr. from 1-gal. cans \$1.00 EUONYMUS FORTUNEI RADICANS (Minefolia)—Small round foliage, sometimes called Com-

1958 SPRING	G CATALOG 5
EUONYMUS FORTUNEI RADICANS "SARCOXIE" (New Upright Euonymus)—New, distinct hardy type. Leaves glossy, thick, and hold color well in winter. 3 yr. from 1-gal. cans \$2.25 3 ft. B & B 10.00 EUONYMUS FORTUNEI VEGETUS (Bigleaf Wintercreeper)—A strong growing variety, with large glossy leaves, and producing bright orange-red berries, which remain on the plant most of the winter. As a hardy evergreen ground and wall cover, this plant is unequaled. 3 yr. from 1-gal. cans \$1.25	RHODODENDRON, HYBRIDS — We offer this flowering plant in several named varieties. In order to have success with Rhododendrons, you must have the proper location. They do very well if planted where the winter sun does not strike, and with a soil mixture of about one-third peat. 18 to 24 inches from 5-gal cans
EUONYMUS PATENS ERECTUS—Is a handsome.	es. Used extensively as an edging for formal beds.
nearly evergreen species, with large light green leaves. Has dense, upright, bushy growth. Ex-	2 yr. from 1-gal. cans, each 75c ; per 100, \$65.00
cellent for shady places. 3 yr. From 1-gal. cans	VINCA MINOR (Myrtle)—Old time dense evergreen ground cover for sun and shade. Blooms in summer with light blue flowers. 2 yr. From 1-qt. cans \$0.35
HEDERA HELIX GRACILIS (Baltica Ivy)—Identical in habit with the English Ivy, but foliage	
not as large and more cut; a most graceful	EVERGREEN WINDBREAK SPECIAL (Spring Only)
vine; perfectly hardy and a splendid evergreen vine on walls with north exposures; also an	Norway Spruce, 2 to 3 feet B&B\$4.00
excellent ground cover. Each From quart cans	Norway Spruce, 12 to 15 in. Bare root
ILEX OPACA (American Holly)—The well-known,	Scotch Pine, 18 to 24 inches B&B
red-berried, American Christmas Holly. Not available in sexed plants. Must be planted in	Scotch Pine, 2 to 3 feet B&B
sheltered location. Each	Douglas Fir, 12 to 15 inches Bare root
4 ft. B&B	Oriental Arbor Vitae, 2 to 3 feet B&B 2.75
ILEX CONVEXA (Convexleaf Japanese Holly)— Compact, dense shrub, wider than tall. Small,	American Arbor Vitae, 18 to 24 inches B&B 2.00
shiny, curved leaves. Must be planted in sheltered locations.	American Arbor Vitae, 2 to 3 feet B&B 3.00
3 yr. from 1-gal. cans	Our standard guarantee void on special prices.
ILEX CRENATA (Upright Japanese Holly)—Has dense branched, pyramidal form. Must be planted in sheltered locations. Each 3 yr. from 1-gal. cans	Above prices are based on quantities of 20 or more, F.O.B. Henry. No orders accepted after April 1.
KOREAN BOXWOOD—The only hardy boxwood	SMALL EVERGREEN COLLECTION
that can be used in Central III. Small, light green leaves, shears readily, making an excellent dwarf hedge.	Every season we have innumerable requests for young evergreen transplants suitable for growing on in the garden.
4 yr. from 5-qt. cans	We offer the following list of 3-year-old transplants at 75c each, except varieties marked *
MAHONIA AQUIFOLIUM (Oregon Grape Holly) —It has handsome, spiny, dark green lustrous	which are \$1.75.
leaves which take on a bronzy tone in the fall. The clusters of yellow flowers are showy in	Do not confuse these with mail order seedlings, as we only sell young, vigorous plants, ready for the field.
the spring, and later the bluish-black bloomy fruits are attractive.	No order accepted for less than five plants, or after April 10. Customer will be notified when
18 to 24 inches	trees are ready to pick up, or they can be ship- ped Parcel Post with an additional charge of
PACHYSANDRA (Jap Spurge)—Evergreen ground cover of the root running type. Must have par-	65 cents per order.
tial shade.	American Arbor Vitae Browni Yew Globe Arbor Vitae Spreading Yew
2 yr. From 1-qt. cans	Pyramidalis Arbor Vitae Upright Yew
PYRACANTHA LALANDI (Firethorne) —A most remarkable fruiting evergreen shrub. Bears at-	Pfitzer Juniper Blue Pfitzer Juniper Hick's Yew Hunnimell Year
tractive large trusses of white flowers during	Savin Juniper Hunniwell Yew Spiny Greek Juniper Andora Juniper
the late Spring followed by an abundance of	Burki Juniper *Cannart Juniper

brilliant orange-scarlet berries which remain

late in the winter. It prefers a sandy soil and

warm location.

EVERGREEN WINDBREAK SPECIAL

Norway Spruce, 2 to 3 feet B&B\$	4.00
Norway Spruce, 12 to 15 in. Bare root	0.75
Scotch Pine, 18 to 24 inches B&B	2.75
Scotch Pine, 2 to 3 feet B&B	3.75
Douglas Fir, 12 to 15 inches Bare root	0.85
Oriental Arbor Vitae, 2 to 3 feet B&B	2.75
American Arbor Vitae, 18 to 24 inches B&B	2.00
American Arbor Vitae, 2 to 3 feet B&B	3.00
Our standard guarantee void on special price	ces.

SMALL EVERGREEN COLLECTION

erican Arbor Vitae be Arbor Vitae amidalis Arbor Vitae tzer Juniper e Pfitzer Juniper vin Juniper ny Greek Juniper Burki Juniper Keteeleri Juniper Douglas Fir Concolor Fir Norway Spruce

Each

Browni Yew Spreading Yew Upright Yew Hick's Yew Hunniwell Yew Andora Juniper *Cannart Juniper *Hill's Dundee Juniper *Blue Column Juniper Mugho Pine Austrian Pine

in a single tree.

(If ordered Balled and Burlaped, add \$3.50)

CHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

SHADE AND ORN	AMENIAL IREES
Note: Sizes are given as average height, i.e., 5 to 6 feet, or measured by the diameter of the	FLOWERING CRABS
stem 12 inches above the ground, i.e., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches.	ADSTRINGENS—A wide spreading tree of shapely growth that will attain a height of from 15 to 20 feet. An early bloomer whose flowers
Prices following are based on the trees being dug naked root, except where noted as B. & B. B. and B. means that the tree is dug with a solid ball of earth. With this method, the	are deep rose in bud, opening to a lighter shade or rose-pink. The foliage is a light pur- ple and the fruit various shades of red, yellow, and green.
small hair roots are not disturbed. Special quotations will be made on any of the trees B. and B.	4 to 5 feet
ASH, GREEN—Found native throughout the state, attains a height of 50 feet or more, has spreading branches. The twigs are smooth, round, and ashy gray marked by pale lenticels and rusty bud-scales. Has compound leaves.	ALMEY—A new hybrid which has large blossoms of glistening red petals, white markings at base of each, giving the effect of a five-pointed star. The scarlet fruits are retained until spring, furnishing food for winter birds. Very hardy and disease resistant. Lach 4 to 5 feet
6 to 8 feet	Great abundance of single pink flowers followed by red fruit. Each 4 to 5 feet
ASH, MOUNTAIN—Hardy tree, head dense and regular, beautiful fern-like foliage, distinctly ornamental. Covered with clusters of bright	5 to 6 feet
red berries from July until winter. The combination of foliage and clusters of fruit makes it a very beautiful tree for planting. Each 6 to 8 feet \$5.00 8 to 10 feet \$7.00 1½ to 2 inches \$10.00	HOPA—Beautiful in bloom, beautiful in foliage, beautiful in fruit. A blaze of red in the spring. From midsummer until severe freezing, the clusters of small, red Crab Apples gleam brightly along the branches. The fruit makes a very fine jelly. 4 to 5 feet
	IRENE—Of medium size and irregular spreading
showing a white bark as it matures. A fine ornamental tree in any position, especially in evergreen group where the bark shows up most	growth. Foliage has a dark reddish color. Considered one of the outstanding red flower- ing crabs. Each
effectively. Each 5 to 6 feet	3 to 4 feet
6 to 8 feet	RINGO—Of medium size and upright growth, this tree bears pink flowers. The large, dark green, very shiny foliage is particularly handsome. This is the only variety of Malus with
	a shiny leaf. The fruit is one inch in diameter and bright orange in color.
BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE CLUMPS —We recommend the planting of three individual trees in one hole to prevent splitting after the trees are mature. The trees should be assorted sizes	4 to 5 feet
and crooked. We offer a special for this type of planting as follows: Three Birch, assorted sizes, 5 to 8 feet\$11.00	ZUMI —This wide growing, well-formed tree is the finest of all crabs. Very heavy bloomer, with pink buds opening to pure white. The one-
Three-branch clump on one stem, 5 to 7 feet	quarter-inch fruit is bright orange and persists into February. Each 3 to 4 feet
(22 Station Dalling Line Dallingon, and 40,000)	SHADE TREES (cont.)
BIRCH, CUT LEAF WEEPING —Its tall, slender, yet vigorous growth, graceful drooping foliage	CHINESE CHESTNUT—One of the best of the
presents attractive characteristics rarely met	nut trees for this climate. Blight resistant,

Each

CHINESE CHESTNUT-One of the best of the
nut trees for this climate. Blight resistant,
nuts are larger than the American Chestnut
and are equally sweet and good. Makes a very
ornamental, low, bushy tree which is slow
growing, but bears when small. Each
5 to 6 feet, Bare Root
6 to 8 feet, B. and B

1336 STIN (J CATALOG
ELM, AMERICAN—A splendid native tree of great	MAIFCEIC LOCHCE (Dat Danding) A strong
size and wide spread, with graceful drooping	MAJESTIC LOCUST—(Pat. Pending) A strong
branches. Classed among the rapid growing	exceptionally graceful tree of spreading growth habit. It is entirely thornless. The bold, abun-
trees and is not easily damaged by storms. Not	dant foliage is extremely dark green when
advisable to plant south of a line running east	mature. Flowers are occasionally polygamous,
and west across the State through Henry.	but seeding has been relatively light.
6 to 8 feet\$3.75	
8 to 10 feet	5 to 6 feet whips (Spring only)\$4.75
5 to 10 feet 5.00	6 to 8 feet
ELM, CHINESE—Of recent introduction from	IMPERIAL LOCUST—(Pat. Pending) A new vari-
China, is native of Turkestan to Siberia. Of ex-	ety destined for recognition as one of the out-
tremely rapid growth while young, but does	standing trees of this age. Branches are sym-
not make a large tree. Foliage is small and	metrically arranged, forming a regular and
dense; growth symmetrical and compact. Es-	compact tree with dense shade. Thornless, and
pecially adapted to arid regions, succeeds	flowers are staminate with no seeds.
everywhere. Each	5 to 6 feet whips (Spring only) \$ 5.00
1 to 1½ inches or 6 to 8 feet \$ 3.00	6 to 8 feet
1½ to 1¾ inches or 8 to 10 feet	8 to 10 feet
1¾ to 2 inches	
2 to 2½ inches	SKYLINE LOCUST—(Pat. Pending) A new, state-
2½ to 3 inches	ly, and unusual variety with distinctive pyra-
3 to 3½ inches	midal form. Branches are uniformly spaced and
	arranged, resulting in a well filled tree of
LM, HYBRID-A cross between Chinese and	rather formal appearance. Thornless, and prac-
American Elm. Habit of growth similar to	tically all of the flowers produced are male, so
American Elm but with the rapid growth of	seeding is of minor importance.
the Chinese Elm. Branches are straight and	6 to 8 feet
strong and do not break in high winds. Large	
dark green leaves. Very hardy and resistant	SUNBURST LOCUST—(Pat. No. 1313) New thorn-
to disease. Each	less and seedless variety with branch tips of
1 yr. grafts, 4 to 5 feet	bright golden yellow, shading to bronze at
(Not available after April 1.)	the ends, contrast sharply with the rich green
6 to 8 feet	inner foliage to make it look like a flowering
8 to 10 feet 8.00	tree bursting with bloom. Has stately form with
The Beating W	broad-pyramidal head.
LLM, MOLINE—Variety of late introduction	5 to 6 feet whips (Spring only) \$ 5.00
found growing at Moline, Ill. Of very compact,	6 to 8 feet
upright and fast-growing habit, with large leaves of distinct dark green shade. One of	
our finest trees.	SHADE TREES (cont.)
8 to 10 feet	HACKBERRY-A native tree of the Illinois River
10 to 12 feet	valley. Has narrow, pointed leaves, slender
10 to 12 feet	branches and rough bark. An excellent tree
INKGO BILOBA (Maidenhair Tree)—Leaves are	for city planting.
shaped like the maidenhair fern. Makes a hand-	6 to 8 feet
some, picturesque, lawn specimen. The oldest	0 to 8 feet
shade tree in cultivation. Very hardy and dis-	
ease-resistant. Each	KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE (Gymnacladus)—This
5 to 6 feet	tree rises with a straight shaft and is topped
6 to 8 feet	with a wide-spreading noticeably light or airy
8 to 10 feet	crown made up of graceful foliage evenly dis-
8 to 10 feet	tributed. In an early day, its seeds were to
THE LOCUSTS	some extent used as a substitute for coffee.
	6 to 8 feet
ONEY LOCUST THORNLESS—This is the iner-	
mis type of locust and widely planted as a	8 to 10 feet
shade tree because it develops rapidly and does not break in windstorms. It has remarkable	
	KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA (Golden Rain or
drought-resistant qualities and will stand se-	Varnish Tree)—So called because of the large
vere pruning.	clusters of showy yellow flowers born at the
8 to 10 feet	ends of the upper branches followed by seed
10 to 12 feet 8.00	pods which appear to be varnished. Never ex-
OPTIME LOCIOTE (Det No 020) An improved	ceeds 30 feet in height.
ORAINE LOCUST—(Pat. No. 836) An improved	5 to 6 feet B & B
Honey Locust with a round head when young,	
but tall and vase-shaped when older, attaining	LINDEN, AMERICAN (Basswood)—Extensively
a height of 80 to 100 feet. Thornless, seedless,	planted because of their dense, attractive fol-
withstands drought and flood, easily transplan-	iage and the abundant, fragrant, yellowish
ted, and long lived.	flowers which add to their beauty. Source of
5 to 6 feet Whips (Spring only)	honey for the bees.
7 to 8 feet	6 to 8 feet
	D 111 A 1881 33.00

LINDEN, EUROPEAN (Little Leaf Linden)-A fa-	MAPLE, RED LEAF or SCHWEDLER-Noted for
vorite street tree because of its pyramidal form.	its beautiful foliage. Comes out a rich, ruby-
Foliage dark green. Bark has a distinctive	red in spring, gradually changes to purplish
brown color.	
	0
6 to 8 feet	5 to 6 feet (Whips)\$3.75
8 to 10 feet	6 to 7 feet
	7 to 8 feet
MAGNOLIA ACUMINATA—The Cucumber Mag-	
nolia is native in Southern Illinois and is very	MAPLE, SILVER-Well-known rapid-growing tree
desirable for ornamental planting in this area.	valuable where quick shade is wanted. It is
Attains an average height of 50 feet and has	among the first trees planted for shade by the
beautiful leaves which are 6 to 10 inches long,	early settlers. Each
4 to 6 inches wide, often with wavy edges, dark	6 to 8 feet\$3.50
green above, and lighter beneath. The older	8 to 10 feet
trees bloom with a flower that is whitish green	10 to 12 feet, (1½ to 2 in.)
tinged with yellow. The fruit is a smooth, dark	
red cone resembling a small cucumber. Each	12 to 14 feet, (2 to 2½ in.)12.50
	MAPLE, NORWAY-A native of Europe. Grows
6 to 8 feet, B. and B	similar in habit to the Hard Maple, but more
8 to 10 feet, B. and B	dense. Its compact habit, broad, deep green
111600111 00111111611111 10	shining foliage, render it one of the most de-
MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA (Saucer Cup Mag-	sirable for streets and lawns.
nolia)—By far the best of the hardy Mag-	
nolias, producing a wealth of delicate shaded	5 to 6 feet (whips)
blooms, just before the leaves open. The flow-	6 to 7 feet
ers open light purple at the base, shading to	7 to 8 feet 8.00
pink at the tips, with inside petals clear pink	8 to 10 feet, (1¼ to 1½ in.) 10.00
to white. One of our most beautiful orna-	1½ to 2 inches
mentals. Each	2 to 2½ inches
2 to 3 feet	. (1.8)
3 to 4 feet13.50	MAPLE, NORWAY COLUMNARIS—Compact, nar-
4 to 5 feet15.00	row form of the regular Norway for street
	planting, accent, and formal effect. Particularly
MAGNOLIA STELLATA—The Star Magnolia is the	useful for shallow lawnstrips.
hardiest of this class. A much-branched, wide-	6 to 7 feet \$ 6.25
spreading, large shrub, bearing a great profu-	7 to 8 feet9.00
sion of large pinkish-white fragrant blooms be-	1½ to 1½ inches
fore the leaves in the Spring. Each	174 to 172 menes
30 to 36 inches	OAK, PIN-Forms a symmetrical pyramidal
50 to 50 menes	head with long pendulous branches. The
MAPLE, CRIMSON KING (Plant Patent No. 735)—	foliage is much cut and assumes a bright red
This tree is a hard maple type which is a	in autumn. Because of its erect, symmetrical
cross between Norway and Schwedler Maple.	and rather rapid growth, it is much used for
It leafs out red in the spring similar to the	avenues and as a specimen tree on lawns.
Schwedler and holds this red color all sum-	5 to 6 feet
mer. It can be truly called Red Maple. Each	6 to 8 feet
5 to 6 feet (whips)	
	8 to 10 feet, (1¼ to 1½ in.)10.00
6 to 7 feet	OAK, RED-Has broad, round head with cut fol-
7 to 8 feet	iage of glossy, dull green which turns a dark
1½ inches	red in the autumn. One of the finest quick-
MADIE HADD - CHORD Mal	growing trees in the world after it has be-
MAPLE, HARD or SUGAR—Makes a round, dense	come established.
top, medium rapid growth and one of the best	6 to 8 feet
for shade. Rather slow about getting started	0 to 6 feet
after being planted, but when once establish-	POPLAR, BOLEANA (Silver-leaf Poplar)-This
ed, makes a rapid growth. The leaves give	variety is similar in habit to the Lombardy
beautiful autumn tints of yellow and scarlet.	Poplar but does not grow quite so fast. It has
Has no equal for shade. Each	a smooth green bark and the leaves are silver
5 to 6 feet	underneath and dark green on top. Each
6 to 8 feet 5.50	6 to 8 feet
8 to 10 feet	8 to 10 feet 3.00
10 to 12 feet11.00	0.00 10 1000
2 to 2½ inches15.00	POPLAR, LOMBARDY-Very tall, rapid-growing
	tree with spire-like habit. Its tall, narrow lines
MAPLE, RED (Acer Rubrum)—This is the true	make it picturesque compared to the more
Red Maple and is distinguished by its smooth	rounded forms of other trees. Used extensively
gray bark and brilliant leaves in the fall. Re-	in screens, or to accent shrubbery groups. Each
quires a moist location. It makes a medium-	3 to 4 feet Whips\$.50
sized tree and is quick-growing. Each	5 to 6 feet
6 to 8 feet	6 to 8 feet1.50
8 to 10 feet	8 to 10 feet
1½ to 2 inches	10 to 12 feet
10.00	2.25

SWEET GUM (Liquidambar Styraciflua)—A very
common tree in Southern Illinois and one that
should be more widely planted for ornamental
use because of its brilliant fall coloring. The
bark is a light gray, roughened by corky
scales. The leaf is star-shaped and very aro-
matic. Each

4	to	5	feet	B.	and	B.	\$	7.00
5	to	6	feet	В.	and	B.	***************************************	9.50

SYCAMORE—Also called Buttonwood. Considered the largest hardwood tree in North America. Reaches its largest size along streams and on rich bottom-lands. It is one of the more rapid-growing trees. Needs moist location. The bark on the younger trunk and large limbs is very smooth and greenish-gray in color. The outer bark yearly flakes off in large white patches and exposes the nearly white younger bark.

6 to	8 f	eet	4		 	\$4.50

TF	IORNE,	WASH	INGT	ON]	This Ha	awthor	ne is (one
	of the	best :	for fo	rmal	planti	ngs. N	arrow	in
	habit w	ith a d	lark, g	reen	glossy	foliage	e. Bloc	ms
,	with a	n attra	ctive	white	flowe	r in tl	he spr	ing
	and is	follow	ed w	ith cl	usters	of re	d beri	ries
,	which l	nang or	n unti	l wint	er. Vei	ry hard	ly. E	ach
	4 to 5	feet. Ba	are Ro	ot			S 4	1.50
	4 to 5	,						
	5 to 6	,					10	

TULIP TREE—Sometimes called Yellow Poplar.
This tree is native in Southern Illinois and considered one of our most valuable hardwood trees. When it reaches maturity, it blooms in the spring with tulip-like white flowers. It has a very attractive foliage and makes a beautiful ornamental shade tree. The roots are very brittle, so we list this tree as balled and burlaped.

5 to 6 feet B and B.

\$ 6.50

5 to 6 feet B. and B	.50
6 to 8 feet B. and B 9	.00
8 to 10 feet B. and B	.00
2 to 2½ inches, B. and B 16	.50
2½ to 3 inches, B. and B 25	.00

WEEPING WILLOW—The well-known graceful Weeping Willow whose long, drooping branches densely covered with fresh, green leaves, make it one of the best-loved trees. Very rapid grower. Likes moist situations. Each 6 to 8 feet \$3.75 8 to 10 feet 5.00

FLOWERING SHRUBS

Nature is always bounteous in her gifts to man and has been unstinting in giving us a great wealth of shrubs with their perfume and flowers, with their vari-colored foliage and bright fruit. No one with home grounds either large or small should be without the enjoyment of these wonderful gifts. Who can measure the uplifting influence they have upon those who are enraptured by their beauty and fragrance!

They require but little care when once established and grow in size and beauty each year. They are very effective for screens, borders, and for grouping on the lawn There may be had a succession of bloom the entire season by

planting the various kinds, and many will hang with highly-colored fruit during the fall and winter.

There is scarcely a home in country, suburb, or town, the beauty and value of which cannot be enhanced by a judicious planting of the grounds, be they large or small; and for this purpose there is no class of plants that lend themselves more readily than the hardy flowering shrubs. In this part of the Midwest their importance has only begun to be appreciated.

To meet this demand we have added a number of desirable hardy flowering and ornamental-leaved varieties to our list of shrubs.

Classified Ornamental and Flowering Shrubs By Ultimate Size

SHRUBS LESS THAN THREE FEET TALL

Deutzia Gracilus
Potentilla Fruiticosa
Hypericums
Viburnum Opulus Nana
Ribes Alpinum
Spirea Anthony Waterer
Lodense Privet
Cotoneaster Apiculata
"Pygmy" Crimson Barberry
Azalea Mollis

SHRUBS THREE TO FOUR FEET TALL

Barberry, Red, Green, Mentor

Aronia Arbutifolia
Symphoricarpus
Deutzia Lemoine
Kerrias and Jetbead
Hydrangea A. G.
Golden Privet
Flowering Almond
Euonymus Alatus Compacta
Dwarf Ninebark
Cydonia Japonica
Regal's Privet
Cotoneaster Divaricata
Spirea Froebeli
Caryopteris Winterberry

SHRUBS FOUR TO SIX FEET TALL

Rosa Hansa

Spirea Thunbergi Spirea Prunifolia Spirea Richmensis Hydrangea P. G. Rosa Grootendorst

Viburnum Carlesi

Amelanchier Canadensis Euonymus Alatus Calycanthus Prunus Bessevi Cephalanthus

SHRUBS SIX TO NINE FEET TALL

Honeysuckle, Morrowi, Fragrantissima, Korolkowi, Maacki

Lilacs Mock Oranges Forsythia Viburnums

Althea Amorphia Cornus Mas, Lutea, Siberica

Deutzia Crenata Witch Hazel Hazelnut Beauty Bush Prunus Triloba Shepherdia Spirea V. H.

Rosa Hugonis Weigelias

SHRUBS OVER NINE FEET TALL

Honeysuckle Zabeli Tamarix Russian Olive Acer Ginnala Red Bud Rhus Cotinus Prunus Cistena

Flowering Dogwood

Classified Shrubs For Special Purposes

SHRUBS FOR SHADE

Barberry, Mentor and Jap Symphoricarpus Chenaulti Regal's Privet Alpine Currant Viburnums Witch Hazel Amorphia Amelanchier

Hydrangea

SHRUBS WITH COLORED LEAVES

Red and Pygmy Barberry Golden Privet

Golden Elder

Prunus Cistena (Red)

SHRUBS FOR FALL COLORING

Euonymus Alatus & Compacta (Burning Bush) Acer Ginnala Spirea Prunifolia Barberry

SHRUBS WITH ATTRACTIVE FRUITS

Euonymus Cotoneaster Viburnum Opulus and Lantana Barberry Jap Symphoricarpus Chenaulti Jetbead Aronia Winterberry

ACER

ACER GINNALA (Amur Maple) - A graceful, shrubby tree, native of N. China, the foliage turning a vivid crimson in the fall. Planted extensively as a specimen or with other shrubs because of its form and attractive foliage. Cannot be considered a shade tree because of its dwarf habit. Each

ACER PALMATUM ATROPURPUREA NOVUM (Dwf. Bloodleaf Japanese Maple) - An exotic shrubby tree with magnificent purple-red foliage, gracefully lacinated. It is attractive at all seasons and makes a handsome specimen on the lawn, or can be used in the foreground of the shrub border. Should have some winter protection.

DOWNY SHADBLOW

AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS (Juneberry) - A small shrubby tree growing to the height of 10 feet. Blooms in midspring with a small, delicate, airy-like, white flower followed with a maroon-purple berry which is very attractive to the birds. The foliage colors nicely in the fall. Does very well in shady locations.

AMORPHA FRUITICOSA (False Indigo) - A tall, erect shrub of loose, open character. Foliage similar to Locust but finer in texture. Blooms in late spring, with dense, terminal spiky racemes, purple with orange anthers. An effective ornamental when kept pruned. Each 3 to 4 feet

ALMOND

AMYGDALUS (Flowering Almond)—Very early spring flowering shrub, gaily in bloom before the leaves appear. The flowers are an attractive bright double pink.

ALTHEA

ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon)—Upright growing shrub noted for its profusion of large blooms in September and October. This is the only shrub which produces varied color in the border for fall. Named colors: Red, Pink, White, and Blue. Each 3 to 4 feet

ARONIA ARBUTIFOLIA (Red Chokeberry) — A graceful, loosely erect shrub with slender branching stems. Foliage dark green in summer, turning a brilliant crimson in Fall. Its bright red berries appear in autumn and persist through winter. A useful filler in masses and borders. Each

AZALEA

AZALEA MOLLIS (Hardy Azalea)—A deciduous
form of the Azalea which has proven hardy
throughout the mid-west, does not require an
acid soil and can be grown with ordinary cul-
ture. Blooms with salmon-colored flowers in
the spring before the leaves appear. Each
15 to 18 inches

BARBERRY

BARBERRY, THUNBERGI-There is no shi	ub in
existence more commonly used for found	dation
and hedge plantings. Autumn paints the f	oliage
crimson and bronze, and studs the bra	nches
with red berries which hang all winter.	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$0.90

BARBERR	Y, RED	LEAF—A	shrub	of m	edium
height,	with dis	tinctly red	foliage	throu	ghout
the yea	ar. It nee	eds a sunn	y locati	on to	bring
		the leaves.			Each
15 to 18	8 inches	***************************************			\$1.00
		B. and B.			1.75

BUDDLEIA

BUDDLEIA (Butterfly Bush)—A semi-herbaceous
plant which begins to bloom in July and con-
tinues until frost. The flowers are of a pleasing
shade of violet-mauve and borne in dense
cylindrical spikes. Very fragrant and attractive
to the butterflies Each
2 yr. stocks

CALYCANTHUS

CALYCANTHUS FLORIDUS (Sweet Shrub)-Old-
fashioned All-spice, with glossy leav	es and
chocolate colored flowers, with the fra	agrance
of the strawberry; the wood and leaves	have a
very pleasant, spicy fragrance.	Each
2 to 3 feet	\$1.25

BLUE MIST

CARYOPTERIS	(Blue Mis	t)-A bush	y plant from
			foliage, and
			vender flower
in September	r and Oct	ober. Some	times freezes
to ground but	t will rene	w itself and	l bloom again
in one seaso	on.		Each
15 to 18 inch	es		\$1.00

WHITE FRINGE

CHIONANTHUS VIRGINICA (White Fringe)-A
large shrub or small tree with somewhat stiff,
spreading branches bearing very fragrant white
flowers with the leaves in late Spring. Used
generally as a specimen and very good in city
planting as it will endure smoke and dust. Each
2 to 3 feet, B. and B\$3.00

BUTTONBUSH

CEPHALANTHUS OCCIDENTALS (Buttonb	ush) —
A very interesting shrub because of its u	nusual
blooms which are creamy-white balls	borne
three at the tip of branches during mi	d-sum-
mer. Will grow in good garden soil, be	
fers wet, swampy, locations.	
3 to 4 feet	

RED BUD

CERCIS CANADENSIS (Red Bud)—Before the
leaves come out, the branchlets are covered
with clusters of small, purplish pink pea blos-
soms. Native of the Illinois River Valley. The
foliage consists of medium size, heart-shaped
leaves. Very ornamental. Each
3 to 4 feet
4 to 5 feet
5 to 6 feet, B. and B 6.50

SWEET PEPPERBUSH

CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA (Sweet Pepp	erbush) — An
oval, round-topped, erect shrub	of medium
height. Has very fragrant white f	lowers during
midsummer. Valued for the clean	foliage, frag-
rant flowers, the delicate fall co	lor, and the
winter texture.	Each
15 to 18 inches	\$1,25

COTONEASTER

COTONEASTER API	CULATA	(Cranberry	Coton-
easter)—A beautifu	ul hardy	dwarf Coto	neaster
with arching branc	hes which	are covere	d with
bright, shiny green	n leaves v	which color	in the
Fall and hang on in	nto winter.	The brance	hes are
weighted down du	ring autur	nn with ma	asses of
big crimson fruits,	the size of	cranberries	. Each
12 to 15 inches, Fr	om 1 gal.	. can	\$1.50

COTONEASTER DIVARICATA—A beautiful hardy
shrub of recent introduction from Northern
China with spreading slender branches and
beautiful dark green foliage persistent until
into the winter.
2 to 3 feet
2 to 3 feet, B. and B 2.75

DOGWOOD

CORNUS FLORIDUS (White Flowering Dogwood)
-Small tree-like shrub. It is handsome in early
spring with its four white, blunt-ended bracts
surrounding the dense heads of small greenish
flowers, and again in fall with scarlet fruits
and gorgeous leaf coloring. Each
3 to 4 feet, B. and B

CORNUS FLORIDUS RUBRA (Pink Flowering	ng Dog-
wood)—Similar in habit to the White	Flower-
ing, but the blooms are pink.	Each
2 to 3 feet, B. and B	\$ 8.50
3 to 4 feet, B. and B.	10.00

CORNUS LUTE	Yellow Dogwood)—A shrub of
medium size	with bright yellov	v bark in the
winter. Good	green foliage.	Each
2 to 3 feet		\$1.25

with blood-red branches in the winter. Fruit bright blue and flowers white. Attractive to desirable birds. Each 3 to 4 feet. \$1.25	FORSYTHIA SPRING GLORY—This Golden Bell is lighter in color than the Intermedia, but a very heavy bloomer. There is nothing that will make you forget winter as quickly nor amounce Spring as flamboyantly. Each 2 to 3 feet
HAZEL-NUT	3 to 4 feet
CORYLUS AMERICANA (Hazel-nut) — Excellent native shrub valued for its edible nut and useful for naturalistic plantings in large areas. Grows in dense clumps or thickets, filling the ground with erect branches. Each 2 to 3 feet	SILVERBELL HALESIA CAROLINA—The silverbell or snowdrop tree is a large shrub or small tree valued for its handsome, drooping, bell-shaped, white flowers in early spring. Followed by a small, dec-
CYDONIA	orative winged fruit. Each 3 to 4 feet B&B
CYDONIA JAPONICA RUBRA (Japan Quince) —	3 to 4 feet B&B
Old-fashioned shrub with glossy leaves and red flowers in great profusion in early spring	HONEYSUCKLE
before the leaves appear. This is a select strain grown from cuttings. Each 2 to 3 feet	HONEYSUCKLE FRAGRANTISSIMA (Fragrant or Winter Honeysuckle)—A clean, handsome shrub with a long season of beautiful foliage. The bloom comes in very early spring, creamywhite, small, not very noticeable, with a fra-
DEUTZIA	grance like Colgate's soap. Has a red fruit in
DEUTZIA GRACILUS (Dwarf Deutzia)—Seldom grows more than two feet high. Bears many lovely racemes of white flowers in late spring. Each	early summer which is attractive to the birds. Will grow in partial shade. Each 3 to 4 feet
12 to 15 inches	HONEYSUCKLE ZABELI—This is a new form of
DEUTZIA LEMOINE (Hybrid Deutzia)—Makes a broad, rounded bush of medium growth and has large clusters of white flowers in late spring. Very hardy and has an excellent foliage all summer. Each 18 to 24 inches	the Tartarian Honeysuckle which differs in that it has a brighter red bloom and a denser habit. Foliage excellent blue-green throughout the season. Each 18 to 24 inches
EUONYMUS	4 to 5 feet
EUONYMUS ALATUS (Winged Euonymus)—Has dwarf compact habit, wood very corky, which gives it the name of cork bark. Has small delicate flowers in late spring, followed by red berries in fall. Foliage turns a brilliant red in the fall. Each 15 to 18 inches	HYDRANGEA HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS (Hills of Snow)— The flowers are similar to snowballs in appearance, white and imposing, blooming throughout the season. Excellent for solid low borders and foundation planting. One of the few shrubs which blooms well in shade. Each 18 to 24 inches
growing form of the winged Euonymus. One of the most beautiful shrubs in existence. Can be used both in foundation and border planting. Each 15 to 18 inches	HYDRANGEA P. G. (Hardy Hydrangea)—A well-known shrub that blooms from August until late fall. The blooms are first white, then turn pink on the exposed side. It produces the largest flower head of all the shrubs. Will bloom in shady situations. DO NOT PLANT ON
EUONYMUS EUROPEUS (European Wahoo)—Of	SOUTH FOUNDATIONS. Each 2 to 3 feet
medium growth. Dark green foliage. Very heavy fruiting with yellowish-scarlet berries which persist into winter and attract birds. 2 to 3 feet \$1.25 3 to 4 feet \$1.75	HYDRANGEA P. G. TREE FORM—The hardy hydrangea pruned to a single stem with a head that blooms the first year. Each 4 to 5 feet
RUSSIAN OLIVE	HYDEDICHAA
ELAEAGNUS ANGUSTIFOLIA (Russian Olive)—	HYPERICUM
Rather large growing shrub with silvery foliage. Fine for screen plantings for contrast with other shrubs. Has small, yellow blossoms in June. 3 to 4 feet	HYPERICUM AUREUM (St. John's Wort)—Hardy, dwarf shrub with dark green foliage that hangs on into winter. Blooms in July-Aug. with yel-
4 to 5 feet	low flowers at a time when most shrubs are out of season. Each 18 to 24 inches

	10
HYPERICUM, SUN GOLD—A hardy, shapely, dwarf, twigy shrub, which grows into an almost completely oval globe of 2½ to 3 feet in diameter, and about 18 to 24 inches in height, densely covered with foliage that is handsome	LILAC JAPONICA (Jap Tree Lilac)—Grows to 30 feet or more, with a short trunk and reddishbrown bark. It is conspicuous in early summer with large panicles of creamy-white flowers. Each
thhoughout the summer. It bears its cymes of golden flowers at the end of every shoot of	3 to 4 feet, B. and B
the summer's new growth. Its flowers are large and produced in immense quantities, trans- forming this lovely plant into a small mound of gold when in full bloom. Each	LILAC, VILLOSA (Late Lilac)—Sometimes called Japonica, this handsome shrub blooms after all other lilacs are gone with a rosy-lilac colored flower. How the best followed at 11 liles and 11 liles are shown in the lines of all liles and the lines are shown in the lines and the lines are shown in the lines and the lines are shown in the lines ar
18 to 24 inches	flower. Has the best foliage of all lilacs and is a compliment to any border.
HYPERICUM KALMINIUM—Similar in habit and bloom to the Aureum, but foliage is steel blue in color.	18 to 24 inches
18 to 24 inches	SOURWOOD
KERRIA	OXYDENDRON ARBOREUM (Sourwood)—It has thick, fissured bark; long, slender, pointed leaves with a sour taste, and small white flow-
KERRIA JAPONICA (Globe-flower or Yellow Kerria)—A low, broad, rounded, densely twiggy mass, spreading and becoming a little more loose as it grows older. Blooms in midspring for a moderate period with orange-yellow flow-	ers in conspicuous semi-drooping panicles. It is frequently in front of large trees, or as back- ground for low borders, as the bright, glossy, green leaves turn a brilliant scarlet in the fall. Each
ers. Likes partial shade. 15 to 18 inches\$1.25	2 to 3 feet, B&B
RHODOTYPUS KERRIOIDES (White Kerria or Jetbread)—A rounded, open shrub, with spread-	NINEBARK
ing, and somewhat arching branches. Foliage bright green. Blooms in midspring and inter- mittently all summer with four-petalled white flowers, followed in fall with shiny black ber-	PHYSOCARPUS OPULIFOLIA NANA (Dwarf Ninebark)—Semi-dwarf and very thick and bushy in growth, attractive light brown bark, creamy white bloom in late spring Very good for in-
ries born at the tips of the branches. Thrives in adverse places, stands shade, crowding, and city atmosphere. 2 to 3 feet	formal hedges or low borders. Each 18 to 24 inches
BEAUTY BUSH	PHILADELPHIUS (Mock Orange)
kolkwitzia amabilis (Beauty Bush)—This plant is a slender but erect shrub of bushy habit, with downward sweeping branches of very graceful aspect. Its flowers are like tiny foxgloves, bright shell pink, and produced in bewildering profusion. 2 to 3 feet	PHILADELPHUS CORNARIUS (Sweet Scented Mock Orange)—Familiar shrub with vigorous erect habit that has white blossoms near Decoration Day. The breath of orange blossoms—of such entrancing fragrance—intense from the multitude of bloom, that is a necessity to a garden, and works splendidly in all sorts of plantings. Each
LILAC	2 to 3 feet
LILAC, COMMON PURPLE (Syringa)—Large old-fashioned shrub with bluish-purple flowers.	4 to 5 feet
rasmoned shrub with bluish-pulple flowers.	
Very sweet-scented. The most popular and earliest to bloom of all lilacs. Each 2 to 3 feet	PHILADELPHUS VIRGINALIS — A magnificent new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Or- ange in beauty and form. Flowers are semi-
earliest to bloom of all lilacs. Each 2 to 3 feet	new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Orange in beauty and form. Flowers are semi-double and cover the entire bush in early June. Has scattered blossoms the balance of
earliest to bloom of all lilacs. Each 2 to 3 feet	new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Or- ange in beauty and form. Flowers are semi- double and cover the entire bush in early
earliest to bloom of all lilacs. Each 2 to 3 feet	new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Orange in beauty and form. Flowers are semi-double and cover the entire bush in early June. Has scattered blossoms the balance of the year. 2 to 3 feet
earliest to bloom of all lilacs. Each 2 to 3 feet	new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Orange in beauty and form. Flowers are semidouble and cover the entire bush in early June. Has scattered blossoms the balance of the year. Each 2 to 3 feet
earliest to bloom of all lilacs. 2 to 3 feet \$1.25 LILAC, PERSIAN PURPLE—The finest lilac for screen planting. Blooms the first year planted. Very dense growing and the foliage does not mildew. Each 2 to 3 feet \$1.00 3 to 4 feet \$1.25 LILAC, FRENCH—Named varieties in Red, Purple, and White. These lilacs are more dwarf growing than the others and are all grafted to insure pure color as well as guarantee blooms	new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Orange in beauty and form. Flowers are semidouble and cover the entire bush in early June. Has scattered blossoms the balance of the year. 2 to 3 feet
earliest to bloom of all lilacs. 2 to 3 feet \$1.25 LILAC, PERSIAN PURPLE—The finest lilac for screen planting. Blooms the first year planted. Very dense growing and the foliage does not mildew. Each 2 to 3 feet \$1.00 3 to 4 feet \$1.25 LILAC, FRENCH—Named varieties in Red, Purple, and White. These lilacs are more dwarf growing than the others and are all grafted to insure pure color as well as guarantee blooms soon after planting. Each 18 to 24 inches \$1.75	new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Orange in beauty and form. Flowers are semidouble and cover the entire bush in early June. Has scattered blossoms the balance of the year. 2 to 3 feet
earliest to bloom of all lilacs. 2 to 3 feet	new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Orange in beauty and form. Flowers are semidouble and cover the entire bush in early June. Has scattered blossoms the balance of the year. 2 to 3 feet

14 **POTENTILLA** POTENTILLA FRUTICOSA-A beautiful, small, 3foot high shrub, upright in growth, yet compact. Foliage is dense and fernlike in effect. Yellow flowers, 1½ inches across, borne with profusion in late summer. A splendid low growing shrub for foreground planting. Prefers sunny location. Each 15 to 18 inches \$1.25 PRIVET PRIVET, AMUR RIVER HEDGING-Well-known formal hedge plant for shearing. One of the hardiest types of plants grown. Does not winter kill like the California Privet. 2 yr., 18 to 24 inches per 100 30.00 2 yr., 2 to 3 feet per 100 40.00 PRIVET, POLISH HEDGING-Similar to Amur River in habit but has darker foliage. Makes excellent formal hedge with trimming. 1 yr., 12 to 15 inches per 100 \$10.00 2 yr., 18 to 24 inches per 100 \$25.00 PRIVET, LODENSE—This is a dwarf bushy privet which is excellent for low hedges. Foliage is very dark green and looks almost like boxwood. The foliage hangs on until almost Christmas. PRIVET, REGAL'S—A low spreading form with gracefully drooping branches. The dense growth and dark green persistent leaves make it a desirable shrub for foundation or bor-der planting, growing in shade and other impossible places. Each PRIVET, GOLDEN (Ibota Vicari)—New hardy privet that carries golden-yellow leaves, providing a wealth of interesting contrasts from early spring until late fall. Develops a neat compact shrub that can be trimmed into any shape. Suitable for use as an individual shrub. or for hedging. PRIVET, ENGLISH PYRAMIDAL—Habit very formal, requiring little trimming. Foliage, waxy, dark green and persisting into early winter. **PRUNUS** PRUNUS CISTENA (Purple Leaved Prune)-Outstanding because of its brilliant red foliage throughout the growing season. Has a small pink bloom in spring. PRUNUS TRILOBA (Tree Flowering Almond)-The small, double, quilled, bright pink flowers stud every twig and branchlet in the spring before the leaves appear. PRUNUS TOMENTOSUM (Nanking Cherry)-A contented-looking shrub with straight upstand-

ing branches, each stem completely surrounded by tiny cherry blossoms, which envelop the

whole bush. The red fruits which follow are very attractive and are delicious to eat. Each

ALPINE CURRANT

RIBES ALPINUM (Alpine Currant)—An excellent, dense foliage mass; useful for borders and hedges; one of the best shrubs for shady locations. In central Ill., foliage will burn if planted in direct sunlight. 15 to 18 inches\$1.50

RHUS (Sumac)

RHUS COTINUS (Smoke Bush)—A bushy shrub that has handsome foliage and large clusters of rather showy flowers, followed by peculiar long-haired seeds which give the plant the effect of being covered with a greenish-purple film of smoke.

ROSA

ROSA GROOTENDORST (Hardy Red Rose)-This plant is one of the showiest hardy roses in existence. It is covered the entire season with clusters of semi-double, red roses. Vigorous growing and can be used almost anywhere in the border.

ROSA HANSA-Large, double red flowers which are very fragrant. Blooms off and on all summer, has an excellent foliage, and makes a good hedge.

ROSA HUGONIS (Father Hugh's Rose)-It is an extremely graceful, arching shrub, growing 5 to 6 feet in height. One of the earliest ornamental plants to come into flower, it frequently opens in April, covering itself with thousands of single yellow flowers of delicate fragrance. Its foliage is particularly dainty.

ROSA MULTIFLORA (Hedging Rose)-This is the very hardy rose plant that is recommended by the Department of Agriculture for farm fencing and conservation planting. Makes an impene-trable hedge, stock tight in very few years. Planted extensively as a wild game shelter. No. 1 Seedlingsper 100, \$ 6.00

500 25.00 1,000 45.00

PUSSY WILLOW

SALIX DISCOLOR (Pussy Willow) - A fast-growing shrub-tree, blooming very early in the spring before the leaves come out. The fern-like catkins borne along the branches make it very attractive. Loves moist places. Each

We are open Sundays, March 9 to May 18, and September 7 to November 9

1958 SPRIN
SPIREA
SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER (Rose Spirea)— Low growing type of very compact, dense habit, with flat-topped clusters of rose-colored flowers throughout the season. Excellent for low foundation plantings. Each 15 to 18 inches
SPIREA FROEBELI (Froebel Spireα)—Compact shrub of medium height producing numerous flat-topped clusters of orchid-pink flowers during the summer and later the foliage turns to the autumn colors. 18 to 24 inches \$1.00
SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI (Bridal Wreath)—One of the finest of flowering shrubs, and none so popular or widely planted. Its adaptibility to almost any soil or situation makes it one of the most desirable shrubs under cultivation. Each 2 to 3 feet
SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA (True Bridal Wreath)— Shrub of rather stiff, dense growth, with shiny foliage, turning bright autumn tints in the fall. Has tiny double white flowers in clusters, borne with utmost profusion along all of the branches as the leaves appear in the spring. Each 2 to 3 ft
SPIREA THUNBERGI (Snow Garland)—A shrub with thin, arching branches plentifully besprinkled in very early spring with tiny, single, snow-white flowers. It is a dainty and very beautiful shrub, with feathery, fresh green foliage that in autumn turns scarlet and orange. Each 2 to 3 feet
CORALBERRY
SYMPHOROCARPUS CHENAULTI (Improved Coralberry)—Graceful shrub with coral-colored berries that hang on during the winter. Its habit and fine texture of foliage and twigs make it fine for foundation planting. Will grow in shady locations. Each 2 to 3 feet
TAMARIX
TAMARIX—Heavy growing shrub with reddish- purple branches and bluish-green feathery foli- age. Flowers in large pink panicles in August. Each 3 to 4 feet
VIBURNUM
VIBURNUM CARLESI (Fragrant Viburnum)—The flowers are waxy pink and deliciously fragrant, produced in early spring when the leaves are unfolding. It likes a well drained sunny place with plenty of moisture throughout the season.

18 to 24 inches, B. and B. \$3.75 2 to 3 feet, B. and B. 5.00

CATALOG 15
VIBURNUM DENTATUM (Arrow Wood) - Unright
VIBURNUM DENTATUM (Arrow Wood)—Upright growing with light green leaves. Flowers
greenish-white followed by black fruit. A fine
Shrip for massing or foliage effect. Teach
shrub for massing or foliage effect. Each 3 to 4 feet
J1.23
VIBURNUM LANTANA (Wayfaring Tree)—A
large robust should with furner follows light
large robust shrub with fuzzy foliage light green above and silvery beneath. After this
plant has been in a border a few years, it out-
shines all other shrubs, with its remarkable
foliage.
foliage. Each 3 to 4 feet
D 10 1 1000
VIBURNUM LENTAGO (Nanny-Berry) - Tall
shrub with large lustrous leaves which color
nicely in fall Blooms with clusters of ground
nicely in fall. Blooms with clusters of creamy white flowers late in spring and is followed with juicy black harries
with juicy black berries.
with juicy black berries. Each 2 to 3 feet
Ψ 4140
VIBURNUM OPULUS (Highbush Crapherry)—Tall
VIBURNUM OPULUS (Highbush Cranberry)—Tall and upright, with good foliage and especially
decorative red fruit in large clusters which
resemble cranberries and hang on well into
the winter.
2 to 3 feet
3 to 4 feet
4 to 5 feet
VIBURNUM OPULUS NANA (Dwarf Highbush Cranberry)—A beautiful new shrub with the
Cranberry)—A beautiful new shrub with the
foliage of the regular Highbush Cranberry, but
foliage of the regular Highbush Cranberry, but never exceeding the height of 24 inches. Ex-
cellent for informal hedges and foundation
plantings on low houses. Does better in semi-
shade. Each 12 to 15 inches \$1.50
12 to 15 inches
VIRIENIEM ODIII IIS STEDII IIS (Specifically Old
VIBURNUM OPULUS STERILUS (Snowball)—Old- fashioned shrub that grows anywhere and
blooms well. Characterized by its large clusters
of white flowers at Decoration Day. Each
3 to 4 feet
0 10 2 1000
VIBURNUM TOMENTOSUM (Doublefile Viburnum
or Japanese Snowball) — A strong, vigorous
shrub with broad-spreading almost horizontal
shrub with broad-spreading, almost horizontal branches. Blooms in late spring with white,
flat-topped flowers. Leaves are large and
flat-topped flowers. Leaves are large and bronze-green in color, changing to dull red in
fall. Each
18 to 24 inches
WEIGH: A
WEIGELA
WEIGELA, BRISTOL RUBY (Plant Patent No.
400) The sale of the first real No.

The following one-year shrubs available up to April 1 in bunches of five or more of a variety. These are better grade than most mail order nurseries ship.

Mock Orange
Red Dogwood
White Dogwood Sdlg.
Regal Pivet
Lodense Privet
Golden Privet
English Pyr, Privet
Tamarix
Purple Lilac

Persian Lilac
Spirea V. H.
Forsythia
Spirea A. W.
Red Weigelia
Zabeli Honeysuckle
Morrow Honeysuckle
Fragrant Honeysuckle
Coralberry

VINES

Vines should have deep, rich soil, and without which these charming shrubs will be both disappointing and commonplace. Generally vines about the house get set in a mixture of clay, brickbats, cinders and building refuse, and the owner finally decides that vines are not much good; while if the ground had been prepared by filling in with good, rich soil before planting, and mulched heavily with well rotted manure in the fall the results would be most satisfactory.

CLEMATIS					
large purp	le flowers.	They li	ke a :	rich, n	noist
situation a	ind not too	sunny	locatio	on. Do	not
plant very	deep.]	Each
2 vr No. 1					\$1.50
_ J.,	***************************************				

EUONYMUS—(See Broad-Leaved Evergreens).

HEDERA-(See Broad-Leaved Evergreens).

LONICERA HALLIANA (Hall's Honeysuckle)-

FRUITS

CHOOSE YOUR VITAMINS

APPLES

Price, 11/16th inch caliper, 2-year-old, \$2.00

Summer Varieties

YELLOW TRANSPARENT—This variety was introduced from Russia in 1870 by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and is one of the very hardiest and earliest bearers grown, usually bears in the nursery row. Of vigorous upright growth, but never makes a large tree. Fruit medium, skin clear white at first, becoming pale yellow when fully matured. Fruit may be used from ten days to two weeks earlier than any other kind. Extremely productive.

Fall Varieties

WEALTHY—Vigorous spreading tree, extremely productive. This beautiful moderate-sized brilliant red apple is of fine quality, one of the best of its season. It is a relatively good keeper, and owing to the hardiness of the tree, its adaptability to cold climates and early bearing habit makes it a very profitable kind. Flesh white and tender, reddish stained and of excellent flavor. Season October to December.

Due to an old American custom, we close each day from 12 to 1 for lunch

Winter Varieties

- RED DELICIOUS—Tree very hardy, strong upright grower and comes into bearing soon. Fruit large, nearly covered with brilliant dark red. Flesh fine-grained, crisp, and melting. Juicy, with a delightful aroma; of very highest quality. This no doubt is the most popular and highest priced eating apple on the market. Season November to March.
- YELLOW DELICIOUS—The Yellow Delicious is identical in shape and size with the red variety apple. Is completely yellow in appearance. Flavor sweet, and flesh is very firm, crisp and juicy. A splendid market apple.
- GRIMES GOLDEN PIPPIN—Tree is vigorous grower and a hardy late bloomer. Comes into bearing young. Fruit medium to large, cylindrical in shape; flesh tender, juicy and rich, an old-time favorite, never losing its popularity. A favorite in all markets and invariably brings the highest price. Color, a transparent golden yellow. Season November to April.
- JONATHAN—For years the standard of quality by which other sorts have been gauged. Trees are long lived, productive and an early bearer. A brilliant red apple, highly flavored and of excellent quality—being tender, juicy, spicy and rich—a splendid family sort and highly profitable for market. Season November to April.
- STAYMANS WINESAP—Tree vigorous, hardy, spreading. An early and very productive fruit, medium size, roundish, approaching conic, skin smooth, greenish yellow, splashed and striped with red and purple, flesh yellow, firm tender, juicy, rich, subacid, aromatic; quality best. Splendid late keeper. Season December to April.

Crab Apples

DOLGO—Fiery red. Bears young and abundantly. Tree very ornamental.

MULTIPLE APPLE

5-n-I APPLE—Scientifically budded to produce 5 kinds of apple varieties all on one tree during the season. If your space is limited, plant one or two of these novel trees.

Price Each, 4 to 5 ft., \$3.00

DWARF APPLES

RED DELICIOUS—Mall. IX \$3.00
YELLOW TRANSPARENT-Mall. IX 3.00
EARLY McINTOSH-Mall. IX
YELLOW DELICIOUS-Mall. IX 3.00
JONATHAN—Mall. IX
stock but dwarf in habit. Produces full-size, dark red fruit similar in shape to Delicious but without knobs. Flavor is a combination of its parents, Delicious and Jonathan. Never develops over 12 feet in height and bears the
second year after planting. Price\$2.50

PEACHES

Price Each, 4 to 5 ft., \$2.00

- **BELLE OF GEORGIA**—Very large. White with red cheek. Firm and of fine quality. It is a rapid grower, very productive and a good shipper. Early September.
- ELBERTA—Large to very large, yellow, with beautiful blush; firm, a little coarse, but tender and good. While quality is not the highest, it has made more money for the orchardist than any other peach. In all probability no peach has met with equal success in so wide a range of territory as this variety. Season medium early, following closely the early Crawford. Hardier in bud than most kinds, therefore a more uniform cropper.
- GOLDEN JUBILEE—A choice freestone recently introduced by the New Jersey Experiment Station, Tree habits resemble Elberta. Brings top market prices because it is early and has a superior flavor.
- J. H. HALE—Very large, golden yellow blushed red with fuzzless skin. Flesh is yellow, solid, tender, of highest quality and delicious flavor. Very fine. Freestone.
- **RED HAVEN**—Extra Early. It shows a marvelous over-all red color when other varieties are yet green. An enormous and dependable bearing variety.

DWARF PEARS

Price, 2 yr. old, \$2.50

- **DWARF BARTLETT**—Fruit same as the standard Bartlett, only it comes into bearing sooner.
- **DWARF DUCHESS—**The regular Duchess pear budded on Quince.
- **DWARF SECKEL**—The regular sugar pear. None better to eat or for spicing.

APRICOTS

Price, 4 to 5 ft., trees, each \$2.25

- MOORPARK—Very large, yellowish green with red on sunny side. Flesh bright orange and freestone. Ripens in August.
- SUPERB—The best flavored, most productive Apricot yet produced. Medium size, light salmon color, excellent quality. Ripens last of July.

CHERRIES

Price, 4 to 5 ft. trees, each \$2.00

- **EARLY RICHMOND**—This is perhaps the most popular and valuable cherry yet produced. It is very prolific and bears bright red, juicy fruit, rather acid in flavor and unexcelled for cooking. Tree very hardy. Ripens about tenth of June.
- LARGE MONTMORENCY—A large and bright red, very attractive Cherry. A very pleasant acid flavor. Ripens about ten days after the Richmond. The fruit is much sought after on account of its large size and fine flavor.

DWARF CHERRY

METEOR (Minn. No. 66)—Cross of Montmorency
and Shubianca seedling. Fruit very large. Color
light red, skin thin. Stone small and free. Each
3½ feet and up

NORTH STAR	(Minn. No.	58)—Cross	of Serbian
pie cherry ar	nd English	Morello.	Small Tree.
Fruit dark re	ed at matu	rity. Stone	e small and
free.			Each
$3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. and u	D d		\$2,75

SWEET CHERRIES

Price, 4 to 5 ft. trees, each \$2.25

YELLOW GLASS—A beautiful cherry of large size, pale yellow with bright red cheek; flesh firm and sweet.

BLACK TARTARIAN—This is the outstanding sweet cherry in our territory. Fruit is large, sweet, and of the highest quality. Tree is a thrifty, upright grower.

PLUMS

Price, 4 to 5 ft. trees, each \$2.25

BURBANK—Fruit very large, yellowish in color with red cheek in sun. Extremely small pit. Bears middle of June.

FELLENBERG—Large, dark purple, and sweet plum. One of the best for home canning.

SMALL FRUITS

RASPBERRIES

CUMBERLAND—After growing and testing a large number of Blackcap Raspberries during the past years, we find that this variety is far ahead of any in its class. The fruit is black and large, with a rich flavor, and the canes are exceptionally free from disease, and is a vigorous grower. The crop is all ripened within a few days, making it a valuable market sort. We are now growing only this variety of Blackcap.

LATHAM—After growing this variety we find it to be the largest and finest red berry we have ever had on the grounds. It originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm, and is now recognized at the best of all the reds. It was first sent out as Minnesota No. 4. It is of extraordinary large size, bright red color and excellent flavor, and the fruiting season lasts over six weeks. While most of the red raspberries are inclined to winter-kill at times, this variety has proven extremely hardy in the far north. The large size, fine flavor and hardiness puts it ahead of any kind yet introduced. The canes are very strong and sturdy and stand up well.

Price	per	10	transplants	S	2.25
Price	per	25	transplants		5.00
Price	per	100	transplants		17.50

INDIAN SUMMER—One of the finest of new red raspberries. Fruits are large, firm in texture and keep their color when canned or quick frozen. Indian Summer makes an ideal berry for the home garden because the plants bear a heavy crop during the early summer and then bear another lighter crop in the fall. Price per 10 transplants \$2.25 Price per 25 transplants 5.00 Price per 100 transplants 17.50

BLACKBERRIES

EBONY KING—A sensational new hardy, upright Blackberry, guaranteed to bear large, luscious berries year after year. Blackberry sterility has been eliminated in this variety by plant selection.

Price, each	.35
Price, per 10	3.25
Price for 100	30.00

CURRANTS

RED LAKE—Berries sometimes more than a half an inch in diameter. Bunches short. Vigorous and productive when grown on good soils and well cultivated. **Price, 50c eαch.**

GOOSEBERRIES

2 yr. No. 1-75¢

PIXWELL—Very large fruit. Juicy and fine flavored. One of the best.

CHAMPION—A medium size gooseberry which is very vigorous and productive.

GRAPES

The vines we have to offer are all two-yearold, grown from cuttings taken from bearing vines, and are first-class in every particular.

CACO—Fruit is very large, rich wine-red in color. Flavor of the finest, very rich and sweet. Excellent quality. Ripens in September. Vines are hardy, strong and vigorous growers, very prolific. Price, each, 50¢.

CONCORD—The fine old market leader, with handsome clusters of large and luscious fruit. Color a purplish black and of a most excellent flavor. Entirely hardy and productive; succeeds over a very great extent of country. One of the best known grapes and one that all other varieties are compared with. The grape for the million. Price, each, 35¢.

MOORE'S EARLY—Excellent hardy variety, bearing very large berries with a heavy blue bloom. Valuable on account of its extreme earliness. Ripens from two to three weeks ahead of the Concord. Price, eαch, 50¢.

NIAGARA (White)—A popular commercial sort.
Berries and bunches are large; greenish-white
in color, changing to pale yellow when fully
ripe. Quality excellent. Price, each, 50¢.

STRAWBERRIES

Strawberries will produce more fruit to the square rod and in less time than any other fruit we can grow. They grow wild in every section of the country from Alaska to Florida. It has always been a mystery to me why so many people do not raise this most refreshing and early fruit. A few square rods will produce all that one family can possibly use.

strawberry of the day. The berries are very large, long pointed, light red in color and present a good appearance in the basket and in market. No other early strawberry is anything near equal to it in productiveness.

Price for bunch of 25 plants \$1.25

 Price for bunch of 25 plants
 \$1.25

 Price per 100
 3.50

DUNLAP—A perfect-flowers variety that fruits without being planted with other kinds. Is proving to be the most valuable Strawberry yet grown in the United States, and is a favorite everywhere. The berries are very large, bright red, well formed and highly flavored. Being a great plant producer, it does not require as many plants to set a row as other kinds.

 Price per bunch of 25 plants
 \$1.00

 Price per 100
 3.00

ROBINSON—One of the better mid-season varieties which is grown extensively by commercial growers. One of the recommended berries for freezing in your locker.

GEM (Everbearing)—Gem is the only everbearing variety that will make plants freely. The berry is dark red, pointed—about the size of Dunlap, of excellent quality and has a sweet, tart flavor. Gem commences to bear about 60 days ofter planted, and will continue to do well all summer and up until cold weather sets in. It can be grown on soil where an ordinary everbearing would be a failure.

 Price per 25 plants
 \$1.50

 Price per 100
 5.00

STREAMLINER—The new everbearing strawberry. All growers state without fear of contradiction that this is the best of all everbearers. Has rich red color throughout, is excellent for eating fresh and is recommended for canning or freezing. Very productive.

Price per bunch of 25 plants \$1.50 Price per 100 5.00

Garden Roots

Is of the easiest culture and is one of the first good things you may have from your garden. The plants, when once established will last indefinitely and improve with age. The ground should be well drained and well enriched with barnyard manure; give liberal dressing of manure each year.

WASHINGTON—A universal favorite. One of the best, and most popular of all varieties. Is rust resisting, grows very fast and comes up very thick. The heads are crisp, solid and compact. Price, strong roots, 10 plants _______\$.75 Price per 100 _______ 5.00

RHUBARB

McDONALD RED—Is far superior to any other kind of rhubarb. It is bright cherry-red in color the full length of the stalk, very large and a huge producer. Is extremely tender and has a fine flavor. The greatest commercial variety ever put on the market. Price, 75c eαch

VISITORS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME AT THE HENRY NURSERIES TO SEE ONE MILLION HARDY PLANTS IN PRODUCTION

ROSES

Our roses are grown under contract in California where the world's finest roses are produced. We guarantee these to be well grown and as good quality as you can get anywhere at any price. We have field tested roses from all over the United States, Canada, and Holland, and have found none that will compare in quality with those from Northern California.

A few roses in any sunny location in your yard will give you more pleasure and satisfaction than any other plant. Ask for our How to Plant booklet.

After April 15, our roses will be in Cloverset pots and will cost an additional 25c.

Quantity Discount on Patented Varieties— Three or more of a variety, less 25c per plant. Quantity Discount on Non-Patent Varieties— Five or more of a variety, less 20%

HYBRID TEA ROSES

2-year	No.	1	(Bare	Root)	 1.	50
2-year	No.	1	Potte	d	 1.	75

CRIMSON GLORY—Color deep crimson. Glorious in its perfect form, large size and fragrance.

GOLDEN DAWN—Bud rich sunflower yellow, flushed old rose, Double.

20 HENRY NU	JRSERIES
 HINRICH GAEDE—Bright vermillion toned gold; good form; fragrant, a distinct and excellent variety. K. A. VICTORIA—Delicate, creamy-white flowers of beautiful form. 	FORTY-NINER (Pαtent No. 792)—Brilliantly hued bi-color, A.A.R.S. Award for 1949. Contrasting colors are startling in their brilliance. Inside of petals vivid orient-red, while the outside is chrome-yellow. Colors are lasting and bright Price \$2.25
 McGREDY'S YELLOW—Bright buttercup yellow with perfect form. Very fragrant. MME. JOSEPH PERRAUD—High-centered, perfectly formed buds and double blooms, shading from shell-pink at edge to buff and orange in the center. Excellent variety of superior quality. PICTURE—Glowing pink: very large and full; intensely fragrant; a continuous bloomer all season. PRESIDENT HOOVER—A lovely blending of orange-yellow, flame, vivid rose-pink and scarlet. 	GOLDEN SCEPTER (Patent No. 910)—Rare, new unfading, golden-yellow. Has long, slended buds, large and high-centered. Won the highest Rose award in Holland. Price \$2.00 HELEN TRAUBEL (Patent No. 1028)—The color varies with the weather, sometimes a light sparkling pink, more often a luminous apricot. Iits unusually large and long buds are magnificent. Very vigorous grower. A.A.R.S. award for 1952. Price \$2.50
PINK RADIANCE—Bright rose-pink, shining flowers of wonderful shape and fragrance. Strongest grower of all hybrid teas. RED RADIANCE—A bright, cheerful and even shade of pure red. Vigorous grower.	KATHERINE T. MARSHALL (Patent No. 607)—A rose of rare beauty and delicacy of form, growing vigorously with large, open upright blooms of warm glowing pink. Price \$1.75
REX ANDERSON—An outstanding exhibition rose of delicate lovely ivory-white. Perfectly formed, slow opening, one of the few successful whites. THE DOCTOR—An international favorite. The buds are long and pointed, expand to a simply enormous bloom in their fully developed state. The color is an equisite silvery pink.	LOWELL THOMAS (Patent No. 595)—Long pointed, large bud. Flower very double, high centered, clear canary-yellow, on strong stem. Vigorous, upright grower. A.A.R.S. award for 1951. Price
PATENTED HYBRID TEA ROSES Potted Roses 25c Extra ARDELLE (Patent Applied For)—A seedling of	Price \$2.50 MIRANDY (Patent No. 632)—First place winner of All-American Rose competition for 1945. Rich dark red. Marvelously fragrant. Price \$2.25
Peace. Color varies from creamy-white, bluish-white to pure white. One of the largest roses in existence with 90 to 100 petals. Price	MOJAVE (Patent No. 1176)—A.A.R.S. Award for 1954. The color is a blend of salmon, apricot, and orange, and occasionally in cool weather the salmon changes to red blended with the other two colors. Price \$2.75 NEW YORKER (Patent 823)—Brilliant red, with color long lasting and sun resistant. The buds
CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG (Patent No. 455)— Brilliant blood-red buds on long slender stems opening to magnificent spectrum-red in cool weather, cerise in hot weather. A.A.R.S. award for 1941. Price	slowly open into very large flowers, often measuring 6½ inches across. Price

are long and tapering. It is an excellent grower and free blooming. Winner of the All-Amer-

ica Award for 1953.

vigorous.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER (Patent No. 1217)— Large blooms of rich, unfading, uniform rose-ENCHANTMENT (Patent No. 737)—Large, peachpink flowers from June until late fall. Very red with lasting brilliance, come singly on strong stems. Price\$2.25 Price ______\$2.00

petals unfold, and finally an alabaster shade

Price\$2.50

on fully open blooms. Very strong grower.

QUEEN ELIZABETH (Patent No. 1259)-First
granditiora rose. Pure pink, and its blooms are
set off dramatically by glossy, deep green foli-
age. Flowers borne on long almost thornies
stems. Cross between Charlotte Armstrong and
Floradora. Price \$2.75
DOCE OF EDGEDOM (D.)

ROSE OF FREEDOM (Patent No. 791)—Currantred blooms with 60 to 70 petals borne on almost thornless 28 to 32 inch stems. Winner City of Portland Award for 1947. Highest scoring red rose in 1946-47 nation-wide shows. Price \$1.75

TIFFANEY (Pαtent No. 1304)—A.A.R.S. award for 1955. A beautiful phlox pink producing blooms out outstanding quality. The long pointed buds are deep pink with golden yellow shading at base of petals.

Price \$2.75

WHITE KNIGHT (Patent No. 1359)—First white hybrid tea ever awarded the A.A.R.S. honor. Truly spectacular white hybrid tea with superb form of moth bush and flower. 1958 A.A.R.S. award winner.

Price \$3.00

FLORIBUNDA ROSES

2-year	No.	1	(Bare	Root)	\$1.50	0
2-year	No.	1	Potted		\$1.7	5

- **BETTY PRIOR**—Produces large fragrant clusters continuously throughout the season. Open lively red turning to shell-pink. Desirable for mass planting.
- ELSE POULSEN—Blooms in large pink clusters continuously throughout the season. One of the best pink floribundas.
- **EUTIN**—Large clusters of very double, deep red flowers on a vigorous mildew-resistant bush.
- FLORADORA—Scarlet and geranium-red floribunda producing double 25-petaled flowers. Height 2½ feet. A.A.R.S. 1945 award.
- FRENSHAM—The flowers are dark, velvety crimson in graceful clusters which are excellent for cutting. Many clusters of blooms with long stems and long lasting qualities are produced from Spring through Fall.
- IMPROVED LAFAYETTE—Large clusters of bright cherry-crimson.
- **ORANGE TRIUMPH**—Salmon-red with orange shadings, blooming in enormous clusters.
- RED GARNETTE—Comparatively new variety of merit producing petite red sweetheart roses. The plant attains a height of only about 18 inches and carries crinkled holly-like foliage.
- ROSE ELFE—Very large-double, high centered LaFrance pink. Cluster on long strong stems.

PATENTED FLORIBUNDA ROSES

Potted Roses 25c Extra

CIRCUS (Patent No. 1382)—New multicolor Flor	_
ibunda and only winner of A. A. R. S. Award for	r
1956. The predominant color is yellow with the	е
tight buds richly marked with red. Flowers born	1
in clusters and are fine for cutting.	-
Price	n

- FASHION (Patent No. 789)—Brilliant luminous coral flowers overlaid with gold, opening into wavy, graceful petals. All season bloom, large clusters and singly. A.A.R.S. award for 1950. Each Price \$2.00
- FUSILIER (Patent Applied For)—Rich orangered of great brilliance which runs to a darker cherry red in the fall. 1958 A.A.R.S. award. Price \$2.50

- JIMINY CRICKET (Patent Applied For)—A.A.R.S. award for 1955. A floribunda which features tangerine red buds, opening to coral-orange and finishing in a pink coral. It has a pleasing old rose fragrance. Foliage is glossy bronze in the early stages and at maturity turns to a lush, glossy green. The upright growth makes it ideal for hedges.
- RED PINOCCHIO (Pαtent No. 812)—Masses of 3½inch flowers in unfading clusters. Rich carmine; gradually deepens as blooms open. Wild
 rose fragrance.
 Price \$1.75
- YELLOW PINOCCHIO (Patent No. 992)—Newest member of the Pinocchio family. Sturdy bush about 3 feet tall, producing great masses of bloom in an apricot-yellow color. When at the peak of bloom it is rounded mound of yellow. Price \$1.75
- PINK BOUNTIFUL (Patent No. 601)—Bud short pointed, begonia-rose. Flowers small, double, open rosy-pink borne on strong stems.

 Price \$1.75

HENRY N	URSERIES
TEXAN (Patent No. 1471)—Fiery red blossoms with yellow base. Continuously, in bloom Dark green foliage. Price \$2.50 TOM TOM (Patent Applied For) — Beautiful blooms of an unusual shade of rose pink. Very uniform, compact bushy growth. Bright green foliage contrasts with stems that remain oxblood red. Price \$2.50 VOGUE (Patent No. 926)—New floribunda with its own unique brilliantly glowing cherry-coral	PAUL'S SCARLET—Large well-shaped flowers of a vivid scarlet-red that does not fade. WHITE DAWN—Best everblooming, hardy, big-flowered white climbing rose. Healthy, stronggrowing and pleasing free and continuous in blooms. PATENTED CLIMBING ROSES Potted Roses 25c Extra ALOHA (Patent No. 948)—The primary bud develors into a gargeous 5-inch bloom. Bigh rose-
color. Individual flowers three to four inches in diameter are hybrid tea-shaped with perfect high-centered form. A.A.R.S. award for 1952. Price	velops into a gorgeous 5-inch bloom. Rich rose- pink with soft lilac silvery pink on inside of petals when open. Each Price
WHITE BOUQUET (Patent No. 1415)—A lovely new white rose with gardenia like, 4 to 5 inch flowers of opulent white and sweet spicy fragrance. A.A.R.S. Award winner. Price	plant, dark green foliage, double deep rose-pink flowers 5 to 6 inches across with about 50 petals. Grows 8 to 10 feet in height and is everblooming. Price \$2.00
TREE ROSES Tree Roses are truly called the "Queen of Flowers." The blooms produced are superior in quality to those produced on regular bush form because of the special strain of understock. We have the following varieties:	GOLDEN SHOWERS (Patent No. 1557) — The first winter hardy everblooming pillar and climbing rose that actually blooms from early spring through late fall. Daffodil yellow, 25 to 30 petaled flowers. Very fragrant and almost thornless. Highly resistant to mildew and black spot. Winner of 1957 A.A.R.S. Award. Price
CRIMSON GLORY—Color deep crimson. Glorious in its perfect form, large size and fragrance.	KING MIDAS (Patent No. 586)—Blooms with a profusion of large double yellow flowers. Price
COUNTESS VANDAL—Long pointed buds. Multi- color combination can hardly be described, pink, copper, gold and salmon.	SPECTACULAR (Pαtent No. 1416)—New orange red color. Strong grower 6 to 7 ft. canes which continue to greater height the following year.
ECLIPSE —Long streamlined buds, rich gold without fading.	Carries 4 inch flowers for a long time. Price \$2.50
2-yr. heads on 3½-ft. stems	
	TRAILING ROSES
CLIMBING ROSES	MAX GRAFF—Trailing rose, excellent for ground
2-year No. 1, Bare Root\$1.50	cover. Price\$1.50
2-year No. 1, Potted 1.75	

true.

AMERICAN BEAUTY-An old favorite Climbing

BLAZE — Sometimes called the everblooming Paul's Scarlet. Blaze give a plentiful supply

of vivid scarlet flowers over a long first bloom-

ing period and then continues to flower inter-

DR. VAN FLEET-Large, flesh-pink flowers on

NEW DAWN-Everblooming climbing rose. Apple

blossom pink flowers with old rose fragrance.

Color deep pink. Blooms extra large.

mittently all season.

long stems.

Rose. Very hardy and a vigorous grower.

FOR MUCH TOO LONG we have been thinking of roses

Actually roses are quite robust plants that are long-lived, adaptable and do not require constant care. You need only a simple program of reasonable care which requires little effort on your part and will insure a wealth of bloom from May to November.

as weak plants which must be pampered. This is not

In buying roses, one thing is sure: you get exactly what you pay for. You soon discover a pretty face is not everything. There are, however, several things to guide you. The main guide is grading. We handle only No. 1 Top Grade which are too large to appear in packages on counters in grocery and drug stores.



FERTILIZERS, GRASS SEED, INSECTICIDES AND HARDWARE

FERTILIZERS

Sacco Plant Food, (4-12-4) 10 lbs.	\$1.00
G and F (Greens and Fairways), 25 lbs	\$1.90
G and F (Greens and Fairways), 50 lbs	\$3.25
Vertagreen, 50 lbs.	\$2.75
Bordens "38", 5 lbs.	\$3.25
Bordens "38", 25 lbs.	\$10.50
Dairy Organic Compost, 50 lbs.	\$2.85
G and O Rose Food, 5 lbs.	\$0.95
G and O Rose Food, 10 lbs.	\$1.50
WEDO (with 2, 4-D), 50 lbs	\$3.75
Millburn Peat Moss, 5 lbs	\$0.89
Millburn Peat Moss, 25 lbs	\$1.60
Millburn Peat Moss, 50 lbs	\$2.35
Terralite, 4 cu. ft.	\$2.35
Triple Super Phosphate, 80 lbs	\$4.50
GRASS SEED	
Davis Park Special, 1-lb. package	\$0.85
Sod-Builder, Best Grade	
Sunny and/or shady mixtures 1 lb.	\$1.00
5 lb. lot	\$0.95
10-lb. lot	\$0.90
50-lb. lot	\$0.85
Marion Blue Grass, Best Grade	
1 lb	CO 05
5-lb. lot	
INSECTICIDES	
Science Rose Dust, 1 lb.	
Science Fruit Spray, 1 lb.	
Science 57% Malathion, 8 oz.	
Science Aramite — 15W, 4 oz.	
Science 10% Chlordane, 1 lb.	\$0.70

Niagara DDT Dust 50%, 1 lb.	\$1.10
Niagara Lead Arsenate, 1 lb.	\$0.95
Niagara Sulphur Dust, 24 oz.	\$0.75
Black Leaf 40, 5 oz.	\$1.25
Volck Oil Spray, 1 pt.	\$0.80
Toxaphene, 8 oz.	\$1.20
Para-Scalecide, 8 oz.	\$0.75
Tree Wound Paint, ½ pt.	\$0.70
Borer Repellant Paint	\$0.85
Borerkil, 2 oz.	\$1.00
HARDWARE	
40 ft. of 4-in. No See Grass Barrier	\$4.98
40 ft. of 6-in. No See Grass Barrier	\$7.49
50 ft. of 12-in. Root Fence	\$19.95
2 ft. of 12-in. Root Fence	\$0.89
Aluminum Roll Trellis, 10 ft. by 2 ft	\$5.95
Soil Soaker, 18 ft.	\$2.40
Little Giant hand liquid sprayer	\$4.95
Niagara "Extension Pint" Duster	\$2.05



DESIGNING (LANDSCAPE PLANS)

We can give expert advice on all landscaping problems. Please bring a snapshot of your home and the foundation measurements, and we will give you a rough sketch free of charge.

For the home owner who wants the services of a certified Landscape Architect, we can supply permanent plans at cost.

LAWNS SEEDED

Seeding done at 37ϕ per sq. yard, using the best grade Sod-Builder seed, including fertilizer; or at materials (including fertilizer and seed) plus labor at \$2.50 per hour, plus 15%.

LAWNS SODDED

Laid in place but not including fertilizer: In the Greater Peoria Area\$52.50 per 100 yds. Outside the Peoria Area\$57.50 per 100 yds.

PATIOS

Dry laid using pre cast concrete slabs or Fondulac Stone: Materials (including surface material, sand, dirt, etc), plus labor at \$2.75 per hour plus 15%.

ROCK WALLS

Dry laid using Fondulac Stone and/or Iowa Stone (each \$35.00 per ton), figured at materials plus labor at \$2.75 per hour plus 15%.

Or Dry laid using the same stone at \$2.75 per lineal sq. ft. plus dirt.

UNDERGROUND SPRINKLER SYSTEMS

Installed from separate meter provided by the owner from which to run the system at \$0.09 per sq. ft. of area sprinkled.

PLANTING SCHEDULE

We have an expert planting crew available for planting orders under the following schedule: MINIMUM PLANTING CHARGE ON ANY SINGLE STOP IS \$7.50 within a 50-mile radius of Henry. These prices are subject to change without notice.

EVERGREENS

Up to 24 in. each	\$1.75
24 in. and up each	\$2.00
Over ten at one timeeach	\$1.50

SHRUBS

each	\$1.25
	each each Double

SHADE TREES

Planting charge includes 25 lbs. of Peat per	tree.
6 to 8 ft. each	\$3.75
8 to 10 feeteach	CA 25
	94.40
10 to 12 fteach	\$4.75
	-
Larger sizes, loose rooteach	\$5.50
All sizes B&Badditional charge depen	dont
an size of ball	ident
on size of hall	ideni

* * *

We are open on Sundays, March 9 through May 18 and September 7 through November 9

Our office is open from 9 to 12 and 1 to 5 each day. The office is closed during the noon hour.

PHONES:

Nursery Office — Henry 4095

J. R. Ingels Residence — Henry 2764

B. F. Ingels Residence Office for after hours calls — Henry 4320

HERE'S ONE WAY TO WATER A LAWN



Cut watering time by 3/4 **Gates Underground** Sprinkler System No more garden hose—setting sprin-klers—tiresome watering by hand. Just turn a valve and ... RELAX! FREE ESTIMATE without obligation on a professional installation.

BUT THIS MAN IS DOING A BETTER JOB



COST OF THIS SYSTEM, INSTALLED IN YOUR YARD, OR AS A DO-IT-YOURSELF PROJECT FOR THIS SUMMER.

YOU WILL BE AMAZED AT THE LOW

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF PARTS, AT ALL TIMES, FOR BOTH THE GATES UNDERGROUND SPRINKLER SYSTEM AND THE GATES GARDEN SPRINKLER KIT.

....FROM HIS EASY CHAIR





Planter Boxes



THE GATES GARDEN SPRINKLER KIT IS IDEAL FOR WATERING AS SHOWN ABOVE.....

HENRY NURSERIES MAINTENANCE

A SPECIAL SERVICE FOR OUR OLD AND NEW LANDSCAPE CUSTOMERS

We are offering this service to our customers who have had us do their planting or have purchased their plant materials from us. There will be a minimum charge of \$5.00 per service call. If you wish to have your plants given the expert care they deserve and should receive at the proper time please cut and fill out in the provided blank at the bottom of this page and send it to the Henry Nurseries. Or tell us to service your plants and lawn the next time you come in.

TRIMMING — Materials plus labor at \$2.50 per hour, plus 10%.

SPRAYING - 35¢ to 75¢ per tree, depending on size.

FERTILIZING - Materials plus labor at \$2.50 per hour, plus 10%.

PLEASE	STOP	AND	GIVE	US	MORE	
DETAILS	ON	THE N	MAINT	ENA	ANCE	SERVICE

NAME	
ADDRESS	
CITY	
WE ARE INTERESTED IN	(PLEASE CHECK)
☐ JUST TRIMMING	SPRINKLER SYSTEM

☐ JUST SPRAYING

MAINTENANCE

COMPLETE

- ☐ JUST FERTILIZING
- ADDITIONAL PLANTING REMODELING PLANTING
- OTHER

OFFERING THE FINEST COMPLETE LINE OF NURSERY STOCK, THE LARGEST DRIVE-IN SALES DEPARTMENT AND THE MOST COMPLETE LANDSCAPING SERVICE IN CENTRAL ILLINOIS

